MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL.

MILWAUKEE, SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 16, 1858.

VOLUME XV. NUMBER 13.

THE DAILY SENTINEL.

JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN,
PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.
T. D. JERMAIN..... H. H. BRIGHTMAN.

RUFUS KING.....Editor.

SATURDAY MORNING, JAN'RY 16

TO ADVERTISERS.

☞ Business Notices appearing in the Local Columns will be charged 25 cents per line for the first and 15 cents for each subsequent insertion.

☞ Transient Advertisements must be paid for invariably in advance.

☞ The number of insertions must in all cases be specified on the copy when handed in, as no "till forbid" Advertisements will be taken.

☞ Yearly Advertisers will be held strictly to Advertisements pertaining to their business. All other Notices will be charged at the Regular Rates.

☞ Extra display Advertisements, and those with large cuts, will be charged by the square for each insertion.

☞ Ordinary Notices of Deaths and Marriages inserted for twenty-five cents. Obituary Notices will be charged by the square.

TRAVELLER'S DIRECTORY.

Railroads.

	Leaves.	Arrives.
Lake Shore..	8.45 A. M.	12.20 P. M., 7.35 P. M.
Mil. & Miss.		
Through....	9.45 A. M.	5.55 P. M.
Accommodation	4.15 P. M.	11.25 A. M.
Mil. & Wat..	2.15 P. M.	12.18 P. M.
LaC. & Mil...	3.45 P. M.	12.35 P. M.
Mil. & Hor...	1.45P. M.	12.35 P. M.

☞ Country Merchants visiting our city can find the location of the principal Wholesale Houses and Manufacturing Establishments, by viewing the Business Directory column of this paper.

BUSINESS NOTICE.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the undersigned, in the Newspaper and Printing business, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the Milwaukee *Sentinel* establishment, in all its branches, will be carried on by T. D. JERMAIN and HORACE H. BRIGHTMAN, under the name and style of JERMAIN and BRIGHTMAN. The editorial management of the paper will continue in charge of REMUS KING. All debts due the late firm of KING, JERMAIN & Co., are to be paid to JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN, by whom all accounts against the firm of KING, JERMAIN & Co. will be settled.

RUFUS KING,
T. D. JERMAIN,
H. H. BRIGHTMAN.

Milwaukee, January 1st, 1858. jan5dlm

News of the Morning.

The steamer North America, with Liverpool dates to the 30th of December, arrived at Portland on the 14th inst. She brings some further and interesting details from India, and the news of a decided improvement in the London Money Market. The panic there, as here, has passed off.

We have some additional returns from the Kansas election. The Free State men contented themselves with voting down the Lecompton swindle, only a portion of them taking part in the election for State Officers.

Filibusterism is still rife on our Southern borders and expeditions are on foot to "annex" portions of Mexico. Congress is discussing this and the Kansas questions, but doing nothing.

The first Annual Message of Gov. RANDALL will be found in this morning paper. It is an able and interesting document.

No change in the New York, or Milwaukee markets, yesterday.

Matters at the Capitol.

Both branches of the Legislature fully completed their organization on Thursday. In the Senate, as we have heretofore stated, Mr. J. V. L. Thomas, of Rock, was chosen Chief Clerk, and N. L. Stout of Green, Sergeant-at-Arms; each, by a vote of 18 to 11 for the Democratic nominees. We learn from the Madison *Journal* that Mr. Thomas has appointed S. H. Loe, of Racine, as his assistant; that Mr. Q. H. Barron, of Fox Lake, has been appointed assistant Sergeant-at-Arms; and Mr. H. M. Page, recently of the Platteville *American*, Postmaster.

Geo. H. Hund has been appointed Transcribing Clerk in the Senate, Paul D. Hayward Enrolling Clerk, and C. L. Coffin, Engrossing Clerk.

The Door Keepers in the Senate, are A. Vedder and Ole Torgerson.

Here are *ten* officers (not including messengers) to *thirty* Senators. We are frank to say, that in these times, the Senate ought to have curtailed the list.

In the Assembly, Mr. Crane was elected Chief Clerk, by 61 votes to 41 for the Democratic nominee; and has appointed Mr. E. B. Quiner, of Watertown, a very competent man, as his assistant. Frank Massing, of Madison, an ardent and intelligent German Republican, was elected Sergeant-at-Arms. The Clerkship of the Senate was, by the unanimous vote of the Republican Senators tendered to Carl Schurz, Esq., but he declined accepting it, at the same time thanking his Republican friends for this spontaneous manifestation of their confidence and regard. Gov. Randall has given Mr. Schurz an appointment on his staff, with the rank of Colonel.

Circuit Court.

SPECIAL TERM—NINTH DAY.

January 14, 1858.

JEFFERSON CO.

Bank of Watertown vs. Wm. H. Brown et al. Judgment rendered.

DANE CO.

James P. Falkner vs. Chris'r Reese and wife. Judgment of foreclosure.

Remington vs. Brown & Calkins. Motion for new trial in the absence of Mr. Smith of counsel for defts. The case is passed, with the understanding that it be disposed of at the present term.

Roberts vs. Roberts. Submitted.

Wallace vs. Hilliard. Motion for new trial being withdrawn the deft. moved to amend the verdict. Argued by Mr. Pinney for deft. and Mr. Haskell for plff.

M. A. Green vs. Washington Dixon. Continued generally, being an issue of fact.

J. C. Fairchild vs. Allison Turner & J. T. Felton. The demurrer to the answer is argued by Mr. Wakeley for plff.; and Mr. Rollins for defts. —*Madison Journal.*

MASSACHUSETTS—BANKS' DISTRICT.—The following is the complete vote in Banks' VIIth District for member of Congress, at the election held on the 7th inst:

Gooch, Republican,	4,033
Osborne, Democrat,	2,015
Bell, Old Line Whig,	586
Scattering,	32—2,433

At the State election in November the District gave a majority of 600 or 800 against Governor Banks.

EX-COMMISSIONER MCGARRY.—We have received a communication from Ex-Commissioner McGarry, denying all and every of the charges in the Waupun Times, which we will publish to-morrow.—*Wisconsin of last evening.*

As we published the article from the Waupun *Times*, we shall take pleasure in doing justice to Mr. McGarry by copying his communication to the *Wisconsin*.

A SUPPOSED ATTEMPT AT MURDER.—We have been furnished an article, says the Monroe (Green Co.) *Sentinel*, charging some parties with an attempt at the murder of Dr. J. M. Ball, of this village, on Friday night of last week. The writer assuming that a shot was fired from the piazza in the rear of the house occupied by Mr. G. H. King. We have examined the premises where the ball (if any) must have passed, and are perfectly satisfied, that if it was a shot, it must have been made from that point, and Mr. King is quite firm in the opinion that no shot was fired by any person from his premises that night.

We have therefore declined the publication of the article in question, until something shall turn up to throw light upon the matter. There is something singular about it, which will probably soon come to light.

The Governor's Message.

We issued in an extra *Sentinel*, yesterday noon, and republish in our regular edition this morning the first Annual Message of Governor RANDALL. If the longest, it is also the ablest, the boldest and most interesting document of the kind that has yet emanated from a Wisconsin Executive. It enters fully and fearlessly into the discussion, both of local and National topics, presents a very complete and intelligible summary of the condition of our State affairs, points out numerous evils of past legislation, and suggests appropriate remedies, recommends a very searching investigation of alleged abuses, and enjoins upon the Legislature the strictest economy in expenditure, and the faithful and diligent discharge of their various duties.

Commencing with the topic just now uppermost in many minds, the Message traces, year by year, the growth of that "floating debt" which has now reached an aggregate of nearly $150,000, and has swollen the Secretary of State's estimate of expenses for 1858 to the large amount of $525,324,26. It is shown that in every single year since the State Government was organized (1849,) the current expenses have been *under estimated* by the successive Secretaries of State, while the revenues, in most instances, have been over-estimated. As a necessary consequence, at the end of each year, the Treasury has been "short," and the annually increasing "deficit," charged over from one year to the next, has gathered as it rolled, until it has attained its present respectable dimensions. The Governor, however, indulges the hope that by keeping down the appropriations to the lowest limit, consistent with the necessities of the public service, there need be no addition to the State tax; but he rightly and manfully adds that if a larger sum is required to meet the expenses and pay the debts of the State, it must be raised, and care taken that no such accumulation occur in future.

The subject of Public Instruction is next taken up. As usual, the report from that department is behind hand, though the blame for the delay is thrown on the County Clerks. The Message, nevertheless, contains some interesting statistics. There are 241,947 children in the State entitled to share in the School Fund, an increase of 27,701 over last year. The capital of the Fund now exceeds *three millions*, and the amount to be distributed among the School Districts this year, is $230,000; which, taking the attendance last year as the standard, would be about $1,50 for each scholar. The Governor pithily remarks that a very general impression exists among the people, that this Department has been inefficiently conducted, and needs overhauling. The Benevolent Institutions of the State, the Asylum for the Deaf and Dumb, for the Blind, and for the Insane, and the House of Refuge for Juvenile offenders, are, in turn, commended to the attention and favor of the Legislature, and their condition briefly stated. It is obvious, however, that for the current year, at least, appropriations in their aid must be restricted within the narrowest possible limits. A good account is given of the State University.—The number of students in attendance last year, was 164; the capital of the fund is now $215,-953,46, and the income, $22,116,74. The State Historical Society next meets with favorable mention, and is commended to "the patronage" of the Legislature. We cannot endorse this recommendation and do not believe that the Society should be a pensioner of the State. It can and ought to be supported by the voluntary contributions of its own members.

AGRICULTURE, the great interest of our State, and the honorable occupation of so many of its citizens, is next treated of at some length, and with just appreciation. A discussion of our Banking Law and its prominent defects, follows, and the facts stated, as well as the arguments used by the Governor, will forcibly impress themselves upon the public mind. The abuses which have crept into the Department demand a prompt and thorough correction. We have now *seventy five* organized Banks in this State, with an aggregate capital of very nearly *six millions*, and an outstanding circulation of $3,215,488, secured by deposit of State Stocks and specie, to the amount of $3,862,041.

The message next alludes to the charges, so frequently and confidently made, of corruption in the Legislation of 1856, in the matter of the Land Grants, and very properly suggests that these charges be investigated and the guilty parties exposed and punished. The Governor also rightfully insists that the Companies which have become the recipients of these munificent grants, shall be required faithfully to discharge their respective trusts.

The necessity of more stringent laws against gambling; of amendments in our defective Assessment laws; of abating the nuisance of special and local legislation; of further regulations as to the sale of the School, University and Swamp Lands; and of adequate provisions to protect the Treasury from depredations, is strongly enforced upon the attention of the Legislature. A reform is suggested in the matter of the public printing; and the Legislature is specially enjoined to exercise the power conferred upon it by the Constitution, of restricting corporations in taxes, contracting debts, and loaning credit. Every tax-payer in the State will heartily respond to the suggestions of the message on this topic.

The unaccountable delay of the General Government, in paying over to the State, the five per cent on the proceeds of the Public Lands, sold within our borders, is next adverted to, and proper action recommended. The necessity of amending the Militia Law of the State, so as to ensure a correct enrolment, and obtain from the U. S. our quota of arms, is next brought to the notice of the Legislature. The "Slavery question," local in its origin, but national in its effects and influences, is discussed at length, and with great frankness and ability. While the Governor expressly disclaims all authority, or disposition, to interfere with the "domestic institutions" of other States, he stands up stoutly for the right of Wisconsin to keep her own soil and atmosphere untainted, and maintains, with unanswerable logic, that the Constitution of the United States was never intended to "ordain and establish" SLAVERY *anywhere*. We cannot doubt that the Message, in these views, faithfully reflects the sentiments of the Freemen of Wisconsin.

Allusion is next made to the oppressive character of proceedings, in the U. S. District Courts, for the collection of debts, against citizens of this State, with the recommendation that Congress be invited to confine the [illegible] of these Courts [illegible] arising under the laws of the United States. The Message concludes with a graphic reference to the general embarrassment and distress pervading the country, and expresses the confident opinion that future good will come out of the present evil; and that, with wise legislation, honest and frugal management, and a due regard for the rights of all men, our young State will pass safely over the troubled waters. To this end the Governor pledges, and will surely give, his earnest, intelligent and faithful co-operation. With these comments we refer our readers to the document itself.

CALL HIM MUGGINS.—The Legislature of Kansas, on the reception of Buchanan's message passed the following resolution:

Resolved, That James Buchanan, President of the United States, be entitled to the name of Muggins, and that a copy of this resolution be sent to him.

The resolution was passed amid deafening cheers.

CITY MATTERS.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

Religious Services will be held to-morrow, as follows:

	A. M.	P. M
St. Paul's, Episcopal, Rev. J. G. Richmond, cor. Mason and Jefferson Sts.,	10½	7
St. John's, Episcopal, Rev. David Keene, 5th Ward,	10½	7
St. James Episcopal, Rev. J. P. T. Ingraham, Spring Street Hill,	10½	3
Free House of Prayer, (Episcopal,) corner of Jefferson and Michigan sts., Rev. H. M. Thompson,	10½	4
First Presbyterian, Rev. S. G. Spees, corner Milwaukee and Mason Sts.,	10½	7
Plymouth, Congregational, Rev. Z. M. Humphrey, cor. Milwaukee and Oneida Sts.,	10½	7
North Presbyterian, Rev. John M. Buchanan, cor. Milwaukee and Martin Sts.,	10½	8
Methodist, Spring Street, Rev. C. S. Macreadie,	10½	7
Summerfield M. E. Church, cor. Van Buren and Biddle Sts., Rev. H. C. Tilton,	10½	7
First Baptist, Rev. Dr. Pyper, corner Mill and Wisconsin Sts.,	10½	7
Second Baptist, Rev. John Jackson, Concert Hall,	10½	7
Asbury M. E. Church, Rev. R. C. Parsons,	10½	7
St. John's Cathedral, Catholic, Bishop Henni, near Court House,	10½	9
St. Gall's, Catholic, Rev. F. X. DeCoen, Second Street,	10½	8
St. Mary's, Catholic, (German) Rev. Dr. F. Paulhuber, cor. Main and Biddle Sts.,	10	8
Trinity, Catholic, (German), Rev. Joseph Sadler, 6th Ward,	10	8
Evan. Lutheran, (German), Rev. A. Mulhauser, Main Street,	10½	2
Welsh Calvinistic Methodist Church, corner of Michigan and Jefferson Sts.,	10½	
Dutch Reformed Holland Church, Rev. S. Borks, between Ninth and Tenth Sts.,	9½	2&7
South Presbyterian Church, Fifth Ward, Rev. [illegible] Day,	10	2½
Spiritualists, Young's Hall,	2½	7
German Baptist Church, (Calvinistic,) Rev. Theodore Uibright, pastor, cor. Chestnut and West Water streets,	10½	3
German Lutheran Church, (Armenian,) Rev. Edward Grimm, 4th street,	10½	3
Scandinavian Lutheran Church, Rev. A. Schele, cor. Reed and Scott sts., 5th Ward,	10	
Church of the Redeemer, Unitarian, Rev. N. A. Staples, Canal, between Marsh and Division,	10½	7
St. Joseph Church, (Catholic,) Rev. J. Holzhauer, Pastor, 6th Ward,	10	8

City Missions.—Reverend Mr. PENDLETON, on Tamarack street, next to the corner of West Water. Services in German, at half past 10 A. M. to-morrow.

Rev. Mr. THOMPSON, residence on Van Buren street, fourth door east of Michigan.

The Tax-Payers Meeting.

There was a large gathering of the tax-payers of our city, at the adjourned meeting, to hear the report of the Investigating Committee, held at Albany Hall on Thursday evening. The same officers presided as upon the occasion of the first meeting. Dr. HEINSCHMANN called the meeting to order, and briefly stated its object. The report was then read by J. H. TWEEDY, Esq., which occupied over two hours. It was listened to with the deepest interest, and from the manner in which it was received, it evidently met with the unqualified approbation of the entire meeting. It is an able document, and exhibits much skill and care in its preparation. It is an invaluable mirror in which the people will be able to view the corruption and gross negligence of those to whom they have trusted the administration of the city government.

After the reading of the report the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the tax-payers of this city are advised to withhold the payment of taxes until the Mayor and Common Council shall take measures to reduce the city expenses corresponding to the expenses of 1853, to be increased in proportion to the increase of

Resolved, That bankruptcy is to be the inevitable result of the extravagancies of the City Government, and that unless reformation shall be adopted *as a choice*, repudiation will be imposed *as a necessity*, and the wise course to be pursued is, honorably to discharge the just obligations of the past, and thoroughly correct all abuses in the future, both by a revision of the city charter and the selection of public officers.

Resolved, That in the opinion of this meeting the taxes levied for the year 1857 can not be paid by a majority of the tax payers before the following periods—one third on or before the 1st day of March, one third on or before the 1st day of June, and one third on or before the 1st day of September next, and that the legislature be requested to extend the time of paying accordingly, but that the property of such tax payers as shall not pay according to such extension shall be sold without further extension.

Resolved, That in our opinion, section 2, chaps. 10, of the city charter, "no money shall be appropriated for any purpose whatever, except such as are expressly authorized by this act," was clearly intended to prevent any of the city funds from being expended for the entertainment of distinguished strangers, 4th of July celebrations, &c., leaving such expenditures to the well known liberality and patriotism of our citizens, and that this prohibition has been entirely disregarded, and under the lead of the Mayor, the Aldermen, his friends and others, have been regaled at the expense of the city; that the amount expended may be of less consequence, but that it is not to be disguised, that by this reckless and criminal disregard of the law on the part of superior officers, the door has been opened wide to the corruption which is now pervading our city affairs.

Resolved, That the Common Council are requested to inquire into the official conduct of any of their members, as Aldermen, and street commissioners, and to expel, or impeach and remove from office, such as shall be found to have been corrupt, or guilty of gross negligence.

Dr. Weeks moved that 5,000 copies of the report of the Investigating Committee, together with the above resolutions, be printed in English and German, for distribution in the city, which was amended by leaving the number discretionary with the Committee, and carried.

On motion, the meeting adjourned, after giving three hearty cheers for the Investigating Committee.

We hope, in the course of a day or two, to be able to lay a portion, at least, of this very valuable report before our readers. It will merit the careful perusal of every tax-payer in the city.

ICE.—What are we going to do for ice this season? is a question which some of our people are beginning to consider seriously; and we notice our Chicago neighbors are getting a little uneasy about the matter. There is no ice yet, and from present indications, there will be none this winter. We have observed an inclination towards, competition, among the ice dealers this season. A great many contracts have been made to supply this commodity, during the coming summer, but where they are going to procure it, unless a great change takes place in the weather, we are at a loss to know. The prospects are that it will be scarce.

COMMENDABLE PROMPTNESS.—On Thursday, two days after the late fire, the Milwaukee Mechanics Insurance Co. paid to Frederick Kutemeyer, the owner of the building which was burned on Wells street, $762,78, the amount for which he had insured his building in that company. Such promptness is commendable, and is a high recommendation to the confidence of the public.

THE NEW YORK ALBION.—Mr. EDWARD H. HALL, for many years publisher of the Chicago Directory, and now of the New York *Albion*, is on a business visit to this city. Mr. [illegible] subscription list to that paper to increase [illegible] stay with us. Let the Albion's friends make a note of it and hand in their names.

AT the corner store on the West side of the river where J. L. Pearce formerly kept store, Caleb Wall is selling a great stock of Dry Goods from New York, at auction prices. Everybody is getting great bargains, and the store is crowded from morning till night. Let every person buying goods go there and save money.

NAVIGATION RE-OPENED.—Astonishing as it may appear, yet is is a fact that navigation has really been resumed. Two vessels arrived in this port yesterday—the schooners *Harvest*, Capt. Hounsell, from Sheboygan, and the *Alpha*, Capt. Guinn, bound for Peterson's Pier, this side of Sheboygan, with a cargo of groceries. The schr. *Harvest* is taking on a load of provisions here to return to Sheboygan. There would have been no difficulty whatever to have continued the lake navigation all the season. All the harbors on this lake, we believe, are quite as accessible as in mid-summer.

GREAT FIRE AT GREENBUSH

About $10,000 worth of property destroyed—$1,000 insured in this City.

We have been informed by a letter that the thriving little village of Greenbush, in Sheboygan Co., sustained a severe loss by fire on Monday last. About one o'clock in the morning says our informant, the store of Keuch & Stevens was discovered to be on fire, and so rapidly did the flames spread, that before the alarm was well given, it and the adjoining buildings were completely enveloped in the conflagration, and with all their contents were completely destroyed.—The post office which was kept by Mr. Keuch adjoining the store was also consumed, and the Odd Fellows Hall in the upper part of the building, containing many valuables belonging to that order, was destroyed with the rest. A dwelling house in the rear of the block occupied by Mr. Lamphear, also suffered the same fate. The furniture of the latter however was saved. The entire loss is estimated at not less than $10,000 upon which their is $5,600 insurance. The building adjoining K. & S's store was occupied by them as a store house in which they had a large amount of grain &c.

Their loss is about $8,500; insured in the Ætna, of Hartford, Conn. $2,500, Franklin Insurance, of Fond du Lac, $1,500, and in the Farmers & Merchant's Insurance Co., of Milwaukee, $1,000. A. A. Lamphear's loss $800 on building, insured in the Phœnix Insurance Co., also of Milwaukee. The Odd Fellows loss is estimated at $850, upon which there is no insurance. Our correspondent does not inform us in what manner the fire originated.

RAILROAD CELEBRATION.—The opening of the Southern Wisconsin R. R. to Monroe, Green Co., is to be celebrated at that place on Tuesday next. An excursion train will leave this city at 7 A. M. on Tuesday, and arrive at Monroe at 2:30 P. M. Dinner will be served at the American House, Monroe, at 4 P. M., and close with a hop in the evening. The returning train will leave Monroe at 8 A. M. on Wednesday morning.

The celebration will, no doubt, be a pleasant affair, and we hope that a goodly number of our people will go and help our Monroe friends rejoice at the completion of an enterprise in which we as well as they have a deep interest.

RESUMPTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.—Mr. B. F. Stiles, formerly of Stearns & Stiles, has again returned to our city, and resumed a share in the proprietorship of the American House. Mr. Stiles is well known to the travelling public as a gentlemanly landlord, and resuming his connection with the American House, will add to the popularity of that excellent and already widely known hotel.

LECTURE AT YOUNG'S HALL.—We are informed that J. Finney is now in the city and will commence his course of lectures upon the Harmonial Philosophy to-morrow (Sunday) at Young's Hall. He will lecture in the morning at 10 o'clock and in the evening at 7. He is a bold and original speaker, and a fearless champion in the cause which he advocates.

A CARD OF THANKS.—The undersigned desires to return his sincere thanks to those friends who so kindly assisted in saving his furniture at the fire of Tuesday night, and would also request all persons desiring his services, to leave their orders at Sibel's brick House, on Market street, opposite Best's Beer Hall, where they will be promptly attended to.

THEODORE KNOLL.

RAIN.—Friday night and yesterday considerable rain fell, but the weather continued, notwithstanding, extremely mild with little indications of a change.

COUNTY JUDGE OF JEFFERSON COUNTY.—The Circuit Judge has decided that the office of Probate Judge of Jefferson County rightfully belongs to SAMUEL BAIRD, Esq., and that gentleman has accordingly taken possession of the office and entered upon the discharge of its duties.

Manitou City Town and Land Company.

A. B. PAUL, one of the proprietors, is now in this city for the purpose of securing machinery for mills, &c. All persons contemplating moving West early in the coming season, are cordially invited to call and examine our plans, maps, &c., at the American House. A good opportunity is also offered to mechanics and tradesmen of all kinds, to secure—"even with limited means"—good homes in one of the richest valleys of the Northwest.

See pamphlet containing sketch, &c., of country adjacent, and plan of the proprietors in building up an important point on the Sioux River, Iowa. We want actual settlers. Call and see us and talk the matter over. dec23dtf

☞ Capitalists are requested to read the advertisement of Messrs. Hutchings & Hull in regard to the new improved machine for making Brick. It it will perform one half what they claim for it, it certainly is a most valuable thing. The Great West has long needed more perfect machinery for the manufacture of an article that is every day in greater demand, and which demand increases as our Western cities improve.

Mr. Hutchings will be in Chicago until the 15th of February, and we would earnestly recommend all concerned to examine the working model at 167 Randolph street.

PROFESSOR DE GRATH would state explicitly that he is the *discoverer and sole possessor of the secret* of the manufacture of Electric Oil, which could not be purchased for $1,000,000—and $50,000 will be given to any chemist who will make it. My Oil has performed all the cures published in the Ledger for years past. Ask Col. Grant, 56 North Tuttle street, Dr. Killingsworth, Dr. Rogers, now at St. Lawrence House, Geo. C. Boyer, 303 South Third street, Miss Cannon, Coates street, Paul Jones, Jarvis street, Mr. Cripps, Thirteenth and Girard avenue, and others *ad infinitum*, who have been cured of Rheumatism by my Oil; and I will not be responsible for the evil consequences of the base imitations! Beware, and be safe. Sole Depot for the pure and delightful Electric Oil, No. 30 South Eighth street, near Chestnut. Price 25 cents, 50 cents and $1.

PROF. CHAS. DE GRATH,
Sole Maker of Electric Oil in the World.
Not removed.

☞ For sale by Bosworth & Sons, and J. H. Tesch, Milwaukee; Fahnestock & Davis, and Reed & Co., Chicago; and by Druggists and Merchants generally throughout the country. jan11d&tlw

TO THE MILLION.—Prof. Wood, of St. Louis, has, after years of deep study and untiring research, succeeded in presenting to the public an article superior to any now in use, and indeed it is truly a wonderful discovery—we advert to his HAIR RESTORATIVE: the only article that has been completely successful in [illegible], scrofula, of his grey locks, promptly results in more than the original. Many; and new lustre to the locks already luxuriant; having the effect on coarse, harsh hair, to render it glossy and wavy; fastens permanently hair that is loose or falling, and many other qualities which will become known as soon as used.

The pride of mankind is singularly developed in the keeping and arrangement of the hair; perhaps from the fact that it is the only portion of the human body that we can train in any way we choose; how important, then, having this portion left to our care, that we should use all the means science has placed in our hands to render it beautiful and permanent. If you would have beautiful hair, glossy hair, hair with its natural color elegantly preserved to extreme old age, don't fail to purchase Wood's Hair Restorative.—*Daily Iowa State Gazette.*

Sold by all respectable Druggists.
jan16-dwod2w-wlt

Thompson's Gift Sale.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING, at No. 8 Market Square. If your hair is turning grey, one bottle of his Golden Lustral will restore it. For removing tan and freckles or softening the skin, there is no known preparation like the Lily Dew; and for Rheumatic Complaints, Neuralgia, &c., the Chloroform Liniment is invaluable. In addition to guaranteeing satisfaction in all cases, when they are used, each purchaser is presented with a Gift varying in value from six cents to fifty dollars, at the time of purchase. Give him a call by all means, and see if it is humbug. jan9-65d3t

DRIED BLACKBERRIES, a nice article.
MASTERSON & PIERCE.

DRIED SWEET CORN.
MASTERSON & PIERCE.

Important from Washington.

Special dispatch to the N. Y. Tribune.

WASHINGTON, Monday, Jan. 11, 1858.

The step of Senator Brown in yielding the floor on the Kansas question, after a week's reflection, and the postponement of the debate till Monday next, are signs and portents. The alleged ground of these movements was a change in the aspect of the issue: the real one is to be found in the embarrassments of the dominent party.

Messrs. Jewett, Olay and Stevenson of Kentucky are prepared to speak against the Lecompton swindle. The Indiana delegation has almost entirely caved in since the action of the State Convention on the subject. Members from Pennsylvania are receding daily.

Mr. Bright is now considered a dead cock in the pit; his seat is lost by his defeat at home.—Mr. Fitch, ditto.

The probability is that the whole legislation in the matter of Kansas this session will be embraced in the defeat of the Lecompton scheme by a considerable majority. The Republicans will not accept Mr. Douglas's Enabling Act.—The question will, therefore, remain open for a new Convention to settle, under the sanction of the Territorial Legislature. Next Winter Kansas will appear with an organized State Government and Senators at the door of the Union, and ask for admission.

No trustworthy intelligence has been received here relative to the Kansas elections. It is, however, believed from the tenor of letters of dates down to the 3d inst., that the Free State men have carried their ticket for State officers by a large majority, and have polled a vote of 12,000 to 15,000 against the Constitution. Even so, the Legislature may be Pro-Slavery, in consequence of the fraudulent apportionment, which was framed with the expectation of electing Messrs. Calhoun and Isaacs to the Senate. The returns of the election are expected within a week.

The Constitution of Minnesota was presented in the Senate to-day, and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Senator Fugh is afflicted with the delusion that his "compromise," bill, his "pacification" scheme, will triumph over the opposition of both North and South. He does not succumb to the will of the Democracy of Ohio, as expressed at the Columbus caucus.

Col. Pickens has been confirmed as Minister to Russia.

Gov. Packer of Pennsylvania is against the Lecompton swindle.

A Milwaukee Legislator.

A laughable incident occurred in the House this morning, during the election of Chief Clerk. The election is made by a *viva voce* vote, the Clerk *pro tem.* calling the roll, and each member answering the name of the person of his choice as he is called. When the Clerk reached Mr. Hanrehan, of Milwaukee, a gentleman of Milesian extraction, that Solon responded "Here!"

"Mr. Hanrehan," repeated the Clerk.

"Here," again answered that gentleman.

The Clerk then completed calling the roll, when Col. Steever of Milwaukee arose and asked that the name of his colleague might be again called. Col. S. had been in the meantime illuminating the mind of his fellow townsman and representative.

Clerk (in a loud voice)—"Mr. Hanrehan!"

Mr. Hanrehan, (looking very red)—"Here!"

Great laughter on the floor and in the galleries.

Speaker Lovell—"The gentleman will designate the person he wishes elected Chief Clerk as his name is called. Mr. Clerk, call Mr. Hanrehan again."

Clerk—"Mr. Hanrehan!"

Mr. Hanrehan, (much embarrassed, but smiling and redder than ever) "*here!*"

The response was received with roars of laughter. Mr. Hanrehan is an uncompromising Democrat, and will make his mark in the Assembly.—*Madison Journal.*

☞ A petition is now being circulated, and has already received many signatures in this city, asking the Legislature to repeal that clause in our Charter which authorizes the city to loan its credit Railroads.—*Beaver Dam Citizen.*

COMMERCIAL.

Milwaukee Market.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY SENTINEL,
MILWAUKEE, Jan. 16, 1-58.

Received by R. & M. R. R., Jan. 16—250 bbls flour, 6,877 bus wheat, 25 bus oats, 60 do corn, 90 do barley, 646 hides, 610 lbs butter, 5,501 do pork, 8 cars cattle.

The receipts of yesterday are a slight improvement on those of the day previous. Market quiet and prices unchanged. Winter wheat is duller and red commands no more than club. There is a fair milling demand for good lots. Other grain dull of sale. Pork in moderate demand for retail trade. We quote:

WHEAT—85@87 for Spring; 88@90 for good club to mill, and 95@99 for the range of winter.

RYE and BARLEY—No sale, and quotations nominal.

OATS—Steady, 25@27c.

PORK—In fair request, at $4,75@5,50 for good to extra heavy hogs.

HIDES—Sale for green, 6@8c for dry.

Weather still continues mild.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, Jan. 15.

FLOUR—Dull. We quote spring extras at $3,12½@3,50. Buckwheat flour is nominal at $1,25@1,50 ₩ 100 lbs.

WHEAT—Quiet, but firm at 85@86c. White winter in small demand for milling purposes at 90@1,00 ₩ bu.

CORN—Dull and unchanged. We quote new at 35c.

OATS—Unchanged.

HOGS—We quote dressed at $4@4,40. Live in fair demand at $3,35@3,75.—*Journal, of last evening.*

New York Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.

FLOUR—Market very heavy, and outside quotations are only realized for small parcels; sales 7,000 bbls at $3,25@5,00 for superfine State, $4,50@4,65 for extra State, $3,25@3,35 for superfine Western, $4,50@5,00 for common to medium extra do. Canadian flour unchanged—sales 300 bbls. Rye flour, sales 100 bbls at $3@4.

WHEAT—Market firm; sales 900 bus Milwaukee club at $1,05@1,06.

RYE—Nominal at 72@73.

BARLEY—Quiet and unchanged.

CORN—Firmer for new, nothing doing in old, prices nominal at 72@74.

OATS—Plenty and dull at 46@47 for State; 45@46 for Western.

PORK—Less firm and prices lower; sales 400 bbls at $14,75@14,80 for mess, $11,12½@12 for prime.

BEEF—Unchanged.

DRESSED HOGS—Steady at 6@6¾.

LARD—Firm, sales 200 bbls at 8¾@9¾.

BUTTER—Plenty and dull at 11@16 for Ohio, 12½@18 for State.

CHEESE—Steady at 6@8.

WHISKEY—Dull; sales 200 bbls at 21.

MONEY—In good demand; supply ample at 6@7 ₰ ct.

STERLING EXCHANGE—Remains steady and quiet.

STOCKS—Market dull and rather easier. C & R I 70, I C bonds, 86¾, I C 90, R 30, M S & N I 105¾, N Y C 73, Mo 6's 88, M S 85¾, R I & P 84, 80, C & Q 93, Panama 81, C & S P 102, Erie 26¾, Hudson 19, Harlem 6, P & H 111¾, California 7's 75 70¾, Hudson 1st bonds 97¾, 3d do 63½, Erie bonds 75 46, Ky 6s 103, Bank of New York 101, Metropolitan Bank 101½, National Bank 103.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 14.

SUGAR—Declined ⅛@; sales at 4¾@5.

MOLASSES—Declined 1c, and is selling at 18@18½c.

MOLASSES—Active at $4,50.

CORN—Active at 57c.

MESS PORK—Steady at $18,25.

SHOULDERS—9¾.

HAMS—9¾.

Specie in the New York Banks.

The New York bank statement for the week ending Jan. 9, shows the specie to be $29,176,898, with the following changes, as compared with the business of the previous week:

Decrease in loans	$243,774
Increase in specie	614,902
Increase in circulation	26,061
Increase in undivided deposits	909,161

Upon this state of facts the *Times* remarks: "The present statement, as showing the cleanness of the withdrawals [illegible] for shipment during the week, was reasonably calculated upon—is the most extraordinary we have had for several weeks. It reflects a much stronger current of specie to this city from the interior, since the New Year, than was suspected by the public, and affords a most gratifying evidence of the liquidation of country indebtedness."

The Pork Trade of Cincinnati.

The weekly report of the Pork Trade, at Cincinnati for the week and the season, up to the 15th inst., as made up by the Price Current, is as follows.

The following table shows the receipts for the week, the season, and comparatively for some previous seasons:

From Kentucky	8,696
By Railway	84,163
By River	783,852
Slaughtered at Plainville and Newton	800
Driven in	4,400
Total for the week	46,494
Previously reported	802,398
Total for the season	848,892
Same time in 1856-7	783,852
do 1855-6	866,898
do 1854-5	827,483

The whole number packed the last and two previous seasons was in 1856-7, 844,512; 1855-6, 405 896; and in 1854-5, 856,786. The hogs are not all yet in from Kentucky.

The business, as compared with the whole number packed last year, is, it is seen, about 4,000 in excess—so that the receipts from this time forward will be a clear gain. Last year the packing business closed about the 15th of January. The indications are now that it will continue this season, three weeks from the present time.

LATEST NEWS!

BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH

Wisconsin Legislature.

MADISON, Jan. 15.

SENATE.—Message from Assembly, informing the Senate that Assembly is ready to proceed to business.

A joint committee of five was appointed to wait on the Governor and inform him that they were ready to receive any communication he may desire to make.

Mr. Giles offered the following resolution which was adopted.

Resolved, That neither house will act on any business that may now by law be enacted on by the Boards of Supervisors of counties, or by any of the Courts of the State, or that is provided for by any general laws.

A resolution was offered inviting the clergy to officiate.

Sutherland introduced a resolution requesting an opinion of the Attorney General as to whether an amendment to the banking law must be submitted to a vote of the people.

Mr. Boyd offered a bill to change the terms of the Circuit Court in Walworth county.

A bill for payment of postage of members.

A bill to change the time of holding Circuit Court of Jefferson and Columbia Co's.

A bill to enable administrators of foreign states to prosecute actions in this State.

A bill to incorporate Kilbourn University.

The Senate then adjourned to the Assembly room to hear the Governor's message.

ASSEMBLY—The papers of James Biggins contesting the seat of Mr. Pease, of Jefferson, were presented.

A resolution by Mr. Webb, allowing members six papers per day.

A resolution inviting clergy to officiate.

Bills Introduced—To secure redemption of real estate.

To legalize acts of town clerk of Spring Grove, Green Co.

To vacate streets in the village of Argyle.

Committee applied, under joint resolution, to wait on the Governor, and the House took a recess of 15 minutes.

After the reading of the message the Assembly adjourned.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

Flour Dull and Lower—Other Produce Unchanged.

MONEY EASIER.

Portland, Jan. 14.

The Canadian Company

VOLUME XV. MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL, SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 16, 1858. NEW SERIES.

THE DAILY SENTINEL.

TERMS OF THE SENTINEL.
Daily $7.00—Tri-Weekly $4.00—Weekly $1.50
INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

MILWAUKEE:

SATURDAY MORNING, JAN'Y 16.

GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

Gentlemen of the Senate and Assembly:

I am required to lay before you, so far as possible, the condition of the State, and to make such suggestions as are deemed important for your consideration.

FINANCES.

The report of the Secretary of State, containing the estimates of expenses and revenues for the current year, will be laid before you immediately. Your attention will be attracted by the large amount estimated for the expenditures of the year. The large sum named under the heads of "Sundry Expenses Unknown," and "Due Individuals," makes an aggregate of over $130,000, and constituting, whatever be the actual amount when liquidated, what may be called a floating debt, is such as to require the attention of the Legislature to devise means by which the incurring of a debt so large in dimensions, and so uncertain and indefinite in its character, should be prevented. The amounts for which the State has become liable from sources of expenditure which the auditing officer has been unable to estimate for with any degree of exactness, have always borne a large proportion to the sum total of expenses of the year, and hence there has in almost every year been reported a deficiency in the income to meet the disbursements, and, this, too, although some of the officers have estimated very large sums to cover these inevitable but indefinite expenses. The following table shows the estimated and actual expenses of each year from and including 1849, and will show as well the ratio of increase of the expenditures of the State, as the very wide difference in most cases between the estimates and the results:

Estimated by T. McHugh, Secretary of State, for expenses of 1849,	$46,980,00
Estimated revenues of same year,	60,656,00
Estimated balance in Treasury,	$13,716,00
Reported by T. McHugh as expenses of 1849,	78,085,73
Reported revenues of 1849,	68,050,94
Actual deficit,	$20,025,79
Estimated by T. McHugh, for expenses of 1850,	48,925,00
Actual deficit of 1849,	20,025,79
Total estimated expenses of 1850,	$68,950,79
Estimated revenues of 1850,	108,754,19
" balance in Treasury,	$39,803,40
Reported by Wm. A. Barstow, (Secretary of State) for expenses of 1850,	62,746,20
Reported revenues of 1850,	94,260,81
Estimated averages of 1850 to be provided for,	14,567,61
Add reported expenses as above,	62,746,20
Charged and reported for 1850,	$77,303,81
Estimated expenses of 1851, by Wm. A. Barstow,	65,266,08
Add deficit as above,	14,567,61
Total,	$80,103,69
Estimated revenues for 1851,	98,215,00
Estimated balance in Treasury,	$18,021,30
Reported expenses for 1851, by Wm. A. Barstow,	101,885,98
Reported receipts of 1851,	75,990,27
Actual deficit,	$21,895,71
Estimated expenses for 1852, by Wm. A. Barstow (including about $33,000 of unpaid salaries, and indebtedness, for which no appropriation had been made)	109,288 20
Estimated resources for 1852,	109,550 80
Estimated deficit,	266 81
Reported receipts of 1852, by C. D. Robinson, Sec'y of State,	135,155 52
Reported expenses of 1852,	135,095 23
Reported excess of payments,	940 71
Estimated expenses of 1853, by C. D. Robinson,	99,275 04
Estimated revenues of 1853,	113,567 56
Estimated balance in Treasury,	19,292 51
Reported receipts of 1853, by C. D. Robinson,	152,296 44
Reported expenses of 1853,	160,407 14
Reported excess of payments,	8,110 70
Estimated expenses of 1854, by C. D Robinson,	157,210 70
Estimated revenues of 1854,	167,147 74
Estimated balance in Treasury,	9,937 04
Reported receipts of 1854, by A. T. Gray, Sec'y of State,	191,209 46
Reported expenses of 1854,	222,154 12
Excess of payments,	30,954, 66
Estimated expenses of 1855, [A. T. Gray,]	253,050 52
Estimated revenues of 1855,	288,828 01
Estimated balance in Treasury,	35,767 89
Reported expenses of 1855, [A. T. Gray,]	273,087 72
Reported revenues of 1855,	259,420 84
Excess of payments,	13,646 88
Estimated expenses of 1856, [A. T. Gray,]	274,044 50
Estimated revenues of 1856,	412,476 54
Estimated balance in Treasury,	138,432 04
(The estimated expenses included about $120,000 of debts due from the State, and the deficit above stated for 1855.)	
Reported expenses of 1856, by D. W Jones, Sec'y of State,	395,356,87
(This includes $32,258,84, the deficit of Treasurer Jansson,	
Reported receipts of 1856,	388,863,84
Excess of payments,	7,002,28
Estimated expenses of 1857, (D. W. Jones),	345,316,01
(Including the amount overpaid, and $32,000 "due individuals.")	
Estimated revenues,	439,797,03
Estimated balance in Treasury,	94,481,02
(Reported expenses of 1857, (9 mos.) including overpayment balanced,)	334,200,86
Reported receipts of 1857, (9 mos.)	329,834,24
Balance in Treasury,	5,143,43

These transactions are for 9 months, the beginning of the fiscal year having been changed to October 1st. By using the quarterly Treasury Report of Jan. 2d, 1858, we make up the transactions for the full year 1857, as follows:

Reported expenses for 1857,	$442,756,00
" receipts "	432,793,77
Excess of payments,	$9,962,23
Estimated expenses of 1858 (D. W. Jones.)	$525,824,25
Estimated " "	455,378,59
Estimated deficit	$70,345,66

For the purpose of exhibiting the gradual increase of the expenditures of the State from year to year, the following table is prepared from the above:

Year.	Expenditures.	Decrease.	Increase
1849	$79,085 75		
1850	77,313 81	$771 92	
1851	101,885 98		$24,572 17
1852	135,095 23		33,210 25
1853	160,407 14		24,312 91
1854	222,154 12		61,746 98
1855	273,087 72		50,913 60
1856	395 355 87		12 288 15
1857	442 756 10		47,400 24

In the expenditures of 1856 is included the balance found to be due to the State by Ex-Treasurer Jansson, $32,258,84.

In the expenditures of 1857 are included sundry amounts to two of the benevolent institutions of the State, and for the enlargement of the State Capitol, amounting to about $80,000, which as, according to the law of last session, completing the edifices for those institutions and carrying the expenses of the State in the construction of the new capital through the current financial year, were extraordinary in their nature, and relieve the Treasury from estimates to any large amount for those purposes.

With these explanations, it will be seen that the increase in the current expenditures of the State for the year past has been but small.

The Secretary of State, in his estimates of the expenditures and revenues of the current year, presents a gloomy prospect for the tax payers of the State, especially in a time of great financial distress. That officer estimates a deficit at the end of the fiscal year amounting to the sum of $70,345,66, and an under the head of resources, the amount of the deficiency of Ex-Treasurer Jansson is included, a sum which there seems no probability that the Treasury will receive during the year, the estimated deficit must be increased to that amount. Under these circumstances, it will be the duty of the Legislature in the exercise of a wise economy, proper at all seasons, but especially so in these times—to examine carefully the estimates of expenditure, and endeavor if possible, with a due regard to the interests of the State, to keep the appropriations within a low aggregate. From such examination of the subject as I have been able to make, it is my opinion that the expenditures of the State may be so regulated, without detriment to any department of the public service, that a state tax for the current year of the same amount as that of last year—$800,000—will be amply sufficient. In expressing this opinion, I have in view the probable negotiation of a new loan of $50,000 to take the place of the bonds falling due this year. If on examination, however, the sum of $200,000 will not be sufficient to meet the current legitimate expenses of the government, and pay the debts of the State, the amount must be increased. The debts of the State must be provided for and paid, and their unnecessary accumulation guarded against in the future.

PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Owing to the fact that no provision of law has been made requiring the clerks of the County Boards to make their returns to the State Superintendent in time to allow that officer to comply with the law requiring a full Report from the several departments soon after the close of the fiscal year, the Report of the Department of Public Instruction is not yet prepared. I recommend that the necessary provision of law be made, so that this important duty may be attended to hereafter in due season. The present State Superintendent has furnished me, from the statistics in his possession, the following facts and figures:

The number of children in the State between the ages of 4 and 20, entitled to share in the common fund is 241,647, being an increase of 27,761 over the number reported for the previous year.

The number of pupils who have attended the public schools is 163,618.

The number of school districts and parts of districts reported is 4378, and the number of school-houses in the State, 2945. The average amount of monthly wages to male teachers was $24,80, and to female teachers, $16,16.

The amount apportioned to the Schools in March, 1857, was 65 cents to each pupil. The apparent amount to be apportioned this year is about $20,000, which would be 95 cents to each pupil; but in view of the probable delay in payments to the funds, that average cannot be fairly expected. The productive fund of the Department now amounts to over three millions of dollars. It is a fund which should be sacredly guarded by the officers who have it in charge. The Legislature will feel it to be a pleasure as well as a duty to see that the necessary laws are passed to cause the greatest good to be derived from the distribution of the Fund. The impression is very general throughout the State that the duties of the Department have not hitherto been discharged with proper efficiency, and your attention is invited to a careful consideration of the subject.

BENEVOLENT INSTITUTIONS.

The Report of the Trustees of the Institute for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb, shows that 67 pupils have enjoyed the benefits of that Institution during the past year. The attention of the Legislature is invited to the Report in detail, showing the expenditures of the past year, and the amount asked for during the present year. There must have been some misunderstanding in the Legislature of the last year in regard to the condition of the buildings of this Institution; the Act approved March 5th making an appropriation of $15,000 "for the purpose of putting up and finishing off the main or centre building," while by the present Report the Trustees ask for the sum of $21,500 for the same purpose, before the building can be ready for the reception of pupils. In the present financial condition of the State, it is for you to decide, after a sufficient examination of the subject, whether it is expedient to make such appropriation. The Institution appears to be under good management, and to be conferring great blessings upon an unfortunate class of persons, who deserve our warmest sympathy. The amount asked for the support of the Institution is about the same as last year.

The Report of the Trustees of the Institute for the Blind shows that 20 pupils were in attendance during the last session, and that the condition of the buildings is such that a large increase of pupils may soon be accommodated.—No estimates of appropriations for the present year are submitted with the Report, the Trustees leaving that duty to be performed through the annual visiting committee of the Legislature.

The Report speaks very encouragingly of the progress of the pupils in the acquisition of various branches of knowledge, and the Institution seems to be in a flourishing condition, so far as its means of accommodating pupils will admit.

The first Report of the Commissioners of the State Hospital for the Insane, exhibits the progress of that very important undertaking, down to the 1st of October, 1857. The Commissioners have adopted the location near Madison, upon which a building for the same purpose was formerly commenced, and have let the contract to responsible parties for $78,000 for a building which will accommodate 75 patients, and they expect to be able to let the contracts for the various heating, cooking, and other apparatus, at a sum which will bring the cost of the edifice necessary for that number of patients, within the aggregate of $100,000. Their suggestions in relation to building operations are commended to your attention. So far as is consistent with just economy in the expenditures of the State, this and the kindred Institutions for the instruction, comfort, well being, and cure of the unfortunate, should be liberally provided for, and brought to the highest condition of efficiency as soon as is practicable.

Commissioners were appointed by my predecessor, according to law, to locate and provide for the erection of a House of Refuge for juvenile offenders. Their report, containing matter of much interest, and much valuable information upon this subject, will be laid before you. The institution has been located in the County of Waukesha, at a very eligible point for public convenience. The benevolent object of institutions of the kind commends them strongly to public patronage. It is to become a reform school, to reclaim and save a large class of youth from irretrievable ruin. The system adopted is one well devised for the objects, and is entitled to favor. The plans adopted for the building seem to be admirably calculated for the purpose. The building can be completed as fast as public necessity requires. Each part will be perfect in itself to accommodate a limited number. The commissioners are able, experienced and energetic men. A small additional appropriation will be necessary to enable the Commissioners to carry out the designs of the Legislature.

THE STATE UNIVERSITY.

The Report of the Regents of the University exhibits the condition of that Institution during and up to the close of the last fiscal year. The number of students in attendance during the year was 184, of whom 41 were in the former collegiate classes. The gradually increasing productive fund amounted on the 1st of October to $316,263,48, giving an annual income of $22,-116,74. With the increase of the means to be devoted to the educational department, the various chairs appropriate and necessary to the establishment of a University which should bear the name, as distinguished from the many Colleges scattered throughout the land, have been and will continue to be filled. The new edifice of the Institution, which is now in progress of construction, will add greatly to its facilities for carrying out the purposes of the munificent grant by Congress. The State has accepted the trust, and the Representatives of the people will doubtless feel it to be a pleasure to aid the efforts of those who have the more immediate duty of discharging that trust.

STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

The report of the Executive Committee of the State Historical Society, Jan. 1, 1858, shows a library of over four thousand volumes, and over four thousand unbound documents and pamphlets with a large number of unbound newspaper files, carefully preserved. The Society has a valuable collection of about 40 oil paintings, the most of which are portraits of Wisconsin Pioneers, and prominent public men, and some are of persons of national celebrity—those of Dr. Kane and Dr. Percival being among the additions of the past year. It has besides some curious additions to the cabinet, rare old maps and several hundred manuscripts. Under the patronage of the State, the Society has issued during the past year its best annual volume. Since the organization of the Society in January, 1854, it has met with unusual success—the increase of the library alone having averaged over one thousand volumes annually. The year past appears to have exhibited as much prosperity as any year preceding, and its influence abroad is giving in many respects increasing honor and credit to the State. It is worthy of the patronage of the State, and every reasonable facility should be furnished by the Legislature for its substantial prosperity. The officers of the Society are entitled to great credit, for their enterprise and efficiency, and deserve encouragement.

Under our present financial embarrassements, it becomes, however, a question for your consideration, whether it is prudent to incur the expense of publishing its volume for the year 1853, un il the present debts of the State are paid.—The materials for the next volume will not be lost, nor the Society injured, by the delay of a single year, in case such delay is considered expedient.

AGRICULTURE.

The statistics presented in the report of the Secretary of State, as the result of the inquiries of the assessors under the law of the last session, exhibit an interesting view of the growth of the State in agricultural, manufacturing and mineral wealth. It is to be regretted that quite a number of the counties of the State have made no returns, so that the aggregates are not as great as they should have been. Among the counties thus delinquent were Adams, Bad Ax, LaCrosse, Marathon, Milwaukee, Ozaukee, Pierce, Portage, Sauk and Waupaca, besides several of the more lately organized counties, whose returns would have increased the aggregates much.

So far as returned, the principal items of production in the year 1856, were as follows:

Barley,	408,875 bushels.
Corn,	5,100,790 "
Oats,	6,812 804 "
Potatoes,	2,818,694 "
Rye,	220,531 "
Wheat,	8,717,758 "
Butter,	8,655,686 pounds.
Wool,	930,806 "
Lead, raised,	22,706,700 "

The county of Grant not being returned, with its large mineral interest, the last item gives but an imperfect idea of the amount of lead raised in the State.

Upon the prosperity of our agricultural interest depends the substantial prosperity of the State. The State Agricultural Society, and a large number of County Agricultural Societies already formed, are working great changes in public opinion, as to the importance of the farming interest. More adequate provision should be made for thorough education in scientific and practical agriculture. Many states are now moving upon this question, and are founding agricultural colleges and experimental farms, and are memorializing Congress for donations of public lands, to endow and sustain them. Michigan, Ohio and New York petition for five hundred thousand acres, each, for themselves, and ask in addition that the same amount be granted to each of the agricultural states. A bill has been introduced in congress for an appropriation of six millions of acres for this purpose to the different States.

The memorial of the Board of Education of the State of Michigan, and of the Faculty of the Agricultural College, on that subject, is so apt that I quote from it. They represent that the course of study in that institution is "inseparably connected with a system of labor in the institution; that it is its design and policy to afford ample and thorough education of the student, physically, morally and intellectually; to ennoble the calling of agriculture, and teach men to increase the productions of the earth." They further represent, "that in a country so thoroughly agricultural as the U. S., and contemplating the nature of the great trust of the public lands with an enlightened and comprehensive forecast, no more legitimate and no wiser disposition can be made of limited portions of them, that for instruction of men in multiplying the productions of the earth, and thus conducing to their comfort, prosperity and higher civilization."

I recommend that you join in memorializing Congress for the grant of lands to the different States, for the purpose of establishing in this State an Agricultural College, upon a permanent basis. Our State and County Agricultural Societies have been wisely established, and their affairs ably and prudently conducted. Great credit is due to them for the change already taking place in the estimation in which agricultural occupations are held. Tilling the soil is an ancient occupation; in itself the most honorable of any engaged in by civilized men. No honorable man can look upon it with disrespect, and no man who despises the occupation of cultivating the soil is fit for any of the learned professions, or for the respectable society of men engaged in agriculture. The highest good to all mankind, depends, more than in any other one avocation, upon the wise and successful prosecution of agricultural pursuits.

MINERAL INTERESTS.

A very large class of our citizens are engaged in lead and iron mining. The mineral interests of the State may well be classed in importance with its agricultural and commercial interests.—New developements and discoveries are constantly made in the lead mining regions, which are sources of great wealth to the State as well as to individuals. It is of much moment that the State render every facility in its power, by legislation, and if found practicable in the present stage of its finances, by material aid, to further discoveries as to the character of the mineral lands and the position and condition of lead ores, at different and varying depths from the surface of the earth. Questions connected with this subject will be brought before you by those who represent the mining interests, and will be entitled to your careful examination.

BANKING LAW.

The banking Law of the State is deficient in many important respects, affecting the security of the bill holder, and needs most thorough revision and amendment. The first duty of the State in authorizing issues of bank paper, is to protect the public, and see that they suffer no loss. All banking history shows a tendency, in practice, to perpetually diminish public security, either by expulsion of specie, which bank paper is supposed to represent, or by the depreciation of State Stocks deposited as collateral to guarantee a final redemption. The banking system of this State has proved no exception to the common rule. The framers of the law unquestionably designed to guard against this evil, but the evidence of record, showing the practices which have grown up, conclusively demonstrates that the original design is a failure, and that security to bill holders, instead of increasing, has constantly diminished, more especially with the banks of recent origin. The object of the law requiring the deposits of State or United States Stocks, with the Bank Comptroller, as security for the issue of banks notes, was in plain one.—These stocks were not to be regarded as bank capital, strictly speaking, but as collateral security, available to the bill holder only in the emergency that any bank might fail to redeem from its own funds. Banks were expected to conduct their business upon their own capital and give security besides, and such was the view held and acted upon by the Bank Department until a period quite recent. During the past year, however, an entire change seems to have taken place in the practice of the Department in this respect, so that at this time the stocks or collateral deposited, is made to stand for and represent bank capital itself; and very large issues of ent bank capital itself; and very large issues of bills have been credited and put into circulation upon this hypothesis. In numerous instances, too, the banks thus started, with no other known capital than their collateral security, are located in places or at points without population, unknown to the people of the State or the maps, inaccessible, and beyond the reach of bill-holders, even when known; and not infrequently the bills appear to be signed by fictitious names as officers, by minors, or by persons pecuniarily irresponsible.

As a necessary consequence, in all such cases, bill-holders cannot demand payment, or on default have their notes protested, or do any act to obtain the money due them, even from the security which is the only real or tangible capital of such banks. The framers of our bank law evidently never contemplated the organization of a banking association, and the emission of bills by it, without the establishment of a banking house or place of business, accessible by ordinary means to the public, open at regular business hours, and with officers well known to the community in which they reside; and it was, of consequence, anticipated that persons having such bank bills, might present them for payment at any time and in default of payment have them protested, so that they could secure payment by the established legal method. It could never have entered the minds of the framers of the law, that bills should go into circulation, directly from the Comptroller's office, without ever going into a bank, or passing over the counter of a bank in the ordinary course of business. I cannot regard such issues in any other light, than as a misdirect perversion of the spirit and intent of the law; an evasion of its terms, for the purpose of preventing bill-holders from obtaining payment of their dues, and thus far at least, fraudulent in design. Whatever may be said of legitimate banking as an abstract question, or its benefits as compared with a currency of coin, this practice has certainly rendered it impossible. No association, however desirous can carry on a legitimate and honest business on real capital, while such institutions as those alluded to are permitted to exist. The question is narrowed down to a single point—Honest or Fraudulent Banking. Both cannot long exist at the same time; and it is your duty to determine which shall prevail, and whether the interests of the people of Wisconsin in the premises, shall or shall not be protected. It is my earnest wish that the great and growing evil should be speedily checked and removed, and no proper effort will be spared by my Department to accomplish that result. An examination as to the manner in which one of that class of banks was started disclose facts more less to appreciable to all persons, and which cannot in justice be withheld here. In the case alluded to stocks were issued at the Capital of Missouri, on the 18th day of December ult., and were registered by the Auditor of that State on the same day. On the 28th of the same month they were registered at St. Louis, by the President of the Pacific Rail road Company, and on the 31st of the same month were registered in the Bank Comptroller's Office of this State, as security for the issues of bank notes. On that day the receipts in the Treasury of all funds were a little over two thousand dollars, as appears by the books in the Treasurer's office. After that date no business was done, no money received or disbursed, until the fourth day of the present month; when the amount of $124,224,23, which was in the Treasury on the 31st Dec., was paid over by the retiring Treasurer to the present incumbent of that office, and the sum of $12,000 of bank notes, issued on the aforesaid Missouri bonds, and dated in July last, *was a part* of the funds so paid over.

These notes had evidently but just been signed, and it might be concluded, passed directly from the Comptroller's to the Treasurer's office. The bank was a new one, unheard of before, so that the plate must have been engaged under the order of the Comptroller, and the bills printed in advance of the issue of the stocks by the State of Missouri and apparently signed before their deposit in the Bank Department, and the State Treasurer must have taken the currency in exchange for other funds in the Treasury, before a dollar of it had been put into circulation elsewhere. This institution is so vaguely located as to be wholly inaccessible to the business public. It needs but little sagacity to foresee that if such banking is to be tolerated, or if the Legislature at this session shall fail to provide stringent remedies for the evil, that all legitimate banking is ended for the present, and wide spread financial ruin must soon overtake the people and the State. Another fact in this connection is well deserving of your attention, and the application of a proper legislative correction. The funds found in the Treasury by the new incumbent amounted to the sum of $124,224,28, nearly all in bank paper, except $2,467,85, which was in gold and silver coin, notwithstanding the law prohibits the receiving of any funds but coin in payment of public dues.

It is apparent that whatever specie might reach the Treasury, commanding as it does a large premium, might hold out a great temptation to the Treasurer to exchange it for currency. The effect of exchanging bank paper by any bank at the Treasury must work to the detriment of all institutions not similarly allowed the privilege. In view of the many circumstances pointing to operations of this nature, and the fact that they directly tend to peril the public interests and put in jeopardy the funds of the State, I recommend the passage of a law prohibiting, under the severest penalties, the State Treasurer from trafficking in, changing, loaning, or in any manner, directly or indirectly, using any monies belonging to the public on his own account, for any purpose whatsoever. I also recommend the passage of a law, making it a high crime for the Bank Comptroller, or any officer or person in the Bank Department, to act as agent or depositor for any person or association, designing to establish any bank, or as agent of any State for the sale of any of its stocks or other evidences of debt, or to procure to be engraved for, or issue to any person or Banking association, any registered bills in advance of the deposite of stocks as security, or to issue such bills on notes to any person or bank to be put in circulation in any other manner than through a regular banking house located at some well known business point, and conveniently accessible to the business public; or to receive for any services in the organization of or issuing notes to any banking association, or for the sale or transfer of stocks, or any other official service, any compensation whatever, beyond what is allowed by law. I know of no way of reaching the evils of this system but by the passage and enforcement of the most stringent laws, for the protection of the public. The following table exhibits the circulation of registered notes, and the character of the stocks upon which they were issued, taken from statistics furnished by the Bank Comptroller, with other information connected with the subject.

During the past year twenty-seven Banking Associations have been organized, with an aggregate capital of	$2,200,000
And seven Banks previously organized have increased their capital in the aggregate	675,000
And two Banks have discontinued business, with an aggregate capital of	125,000
The whole number of Banking Associations organized and doing business on the first Monday of January 1858, is seventy-five, with an aggregate capital of	5,940,000
The increase of the Banking capital for the year 1857 is	2,650,000
The whole amount of countersigned notes issued and delivered to the Banks during the year 1857 is	$1,697,563
The whole amount of circulating notes returned to the Bank Comptroller's office for destruction during the year 1857, is	433,442
The whole amount of countersigned notes issued and delivered to the Banks and outstanding on the first Monday of January 1858, is	$3,215,488
Which are secured by the deposit of Public Stocks and Specie in the sum of	3,862,041

As follows:—

Wisconsin	6s	$50,000
"	7s	50,000
Indiana	5s	133,000
Michigan	6s	41,000
Ohio	6s	76,000
Louisiana	6s	126,000
Virginia	6s	232,000
Tennessee	6s	341,000
North Carolina	6s	125,000
Pennsylvania	6s	14,000
Kentucky	6s	14,000
"	6s	33,000
"	6s	33,500
Georgia	6s	20,000
"	7s	2,004,000
Missouri	6s	361,140
Illinois	6s	116,000
California	7s	27,000
Racine & Mississippi R R Bonds	8s	50,000
Milwaukee & Watertown	8s	119,901
Specie		$3,862,041
Total,		$70,295,02

The whole amount of Bank tax assessed during the year 1857, all of which is paid in except $979 16, is

The following Banks have returned to the Comptroller's Office, for destruction, circulating notes, amounting to over $5,000 each:

Badger State Bank,	Janesville,	$6,660
Bank of Double Capital,	Madison,	10,364
Bank of Fond du Lac,	Fond du Lac,	3,002
Bank of Milwaukee,	Milwaukee,	32,840
Bank of Racine,	Racine,	17,720
Bank of Watertown,	Watertown,	7,005
Central Bank of Wisconsin,	Janesville,	6,130
Columbia County Bank,	Portage City,	16,000
Dane County Bank,	Madison,	29,240
Farmers' & Millers' Bank,	Milwaukee,	24,844
Globe Bank,	Milwaukee,	14,200
Jefferson County Bank,	Watertown,	55,000
Juneau Bank,	Milwaukee,	14,200
Kenosha County Bank,	Kenosha,	5,000
Maine Bank,	Milwaukee,	6,000
Mercantile Bank,	Madison,	11,924
Peoples' Bank,	Milwaukee,	11,000
Prodncers' Bank,	Janesville,	8,098
Racine County Bank,	Racine,	104,781
Rock County Bank,	Janesville,	15,088
Second Ward Bank,	Milwaukee,	18,048
State Bank,	Madison,	29,321
State Bank of Wisconsin,	Milwaukee,	35,338
Wisconsin Bank of Madison,		7,000
		$397,401

CIRCULATION OF THE FOLLOWING BANKS.

Arctic Bank,	Eagle Point,	$86,008
Chippewa Bank,	Pepin, Buun Co.,	50,000
Green Bay Bank,	Marinette,	31,900
Oakwood Bank,	North Fepin,	50,000
Lumberman's Bank,	Centerville,	200,985
St. Croix River Bank,	Brinkerhoff,	150,000
St. Croix Valley Bank,	St. Croix Falls,	49,895
Wisconsin Valley Bank,	Millville,	48,000

STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF BANKS.

	Aggregate Capital.	Aggregate Circulation.	Aggregate Am. Specie
9 Banks, July 4, '55,	$ 550,000	$ 501,745	$ 174,988,32
10 Banks, Jan. 2, '56,	620,000	486,121	139,482 81
July 2, '56,	1,250,000	736,810	260,0,9,13
Jan. 7, '57,	1,400,000	740,184	864,893,74
July 2, '57,	1,666,000	920,120	958,147,58
Jan. 1, '58,	1,870,0.0	1,060,170	851,218 84
July 2, '58,	2,965,000	1,703,670	542,986,81
January, 1858,	5,940 000	$2,215,488	not given.

Of the total outstanding circulation of the Banks, $3,215,488, Missouri has furnished securities to the amount of $2,004,000. The facility with which certain stocks are changed into currency under our Bank Department, must, and will be checked speedily, put an end to our Bank System. It is well understood that $100,000 in money will buy about $125,000 of these Missouri Stocks at any time. Upon these Stocks from $95,000 to $100,000 may be issued, to buy as much more Missouri Stocks, which in turn, being deposited as security, will draw nearly as much more currency, and so on almost indefinitely.—The Banks being established at inaccessible, or unknown points, to avoid the payment of specie upon the circulation, would induce an unlimited inflation of the currency The value of these Stocks ultimately may well be questioned. While a few operators in Wall street may give them a fictitious value as a banking basis, it is believed that were the demand created for banking in Illinois and Wisconsin to cease, they would sink at once far below the rates at which they are received on deposite as security for our bank circulation, and that they are not a safe basis, even as collateral security, much less when held and used as actual bank capital.

This system of banking, in the old, must drive out of circulation all specie and currency of banks established for legitimate business purposes. Banks located in business centres, where they are liable at any time to be called upon to redeem their circulation in specie, cannot compete with those institutions located at inaccessible points, and would be necessarily compelled to withdraw their circulation entirely.

In concluding this subject, I would say, that the State should have honest banking, or none at all. It is a branch of business in which the temptation to perversion and evasion, if not to fraud, is great under any circumstances. But it is the duty of the Legislature to check all infringements upon the plain intention of the existing law, and to punish with severity every violation of its provisions, either in letter or spirit, and especially to guard every avenue for the perpetration of fraud upon the people. A thorough investigation of the Bank Department, and the manner in which its operations have been conducted, at an early period of the Session, is recommended.

LEGISLATION.

Grave charges have been made during the past year, and are constantly reiterated, of corrupt conduct in the Legislature which disposed of the Grants of land donated to this State for Railroad purposes. The charges are that individuals connected with the Milwaukee & La Crosse Railroad, either as officers or otherwise, offered and paid to members of the Legislature of 1856, either in money or bonds, or otherwise, large bribes to procure a particular disposition of those grants of land. It is also charged that there was the same species of corruption in the disposition of a portion of those lands designated as the North Eastern Land Grant. These charges are so open and bold, that good citizens have become alarmed at the idea of such official misconduct, and the reputations of the members of that Legislature and of the State have materially suffered in consequence.

If there has been no such corruption and wrongs as those indicated, it is due to the honorable men of that Legislature that they be cleared of those charges, and that the slanders be stopped. If there have been such frauds upon, and corruption in Legislation in this State, public justice demands that by exposure and punishment an end should be put to such venality.

The man who would dare to approach a sworn public officer with a bribe to turn him from his honest convictions of duty should be hunted down by the law and severely punished. It is due to the people of this State to know whether their Representatives can be bought and sold like slaves in the market, or like cattle in the shambles. Honest legislation in protecting the rights of all by wholesome laws, is the great safeguard of the people, and they have a right to demand that at the hands of their representatives. It is time this clamor ceased, or the guilty parties were exposed and punished. The self-respect which every Legislative body should feel, should lead, without hesitation, to exposure of wrongs and crimes. No countenance should any longer be given to causes of reproach against a high and honorable body of public men. Public morals like private morals are never improved by winking at delinquencies. Covering up crimes also they have been committed, neither operates as a punishment to offenders, or to deter other men from the commission of like offences.

Legislation should be as pure in motive and action as the administration of justice or execution of the law. If the law making power is suffered to become corrupt with impunity, the administration of the law by Courts of justice will be suffered to become corrupt with like impunity, and the rights of the whole people be jeopardized. Justice to the Legislature upon which the corruption is charged, justice to the people of the State who have been outraged, if the charges are true, and justice to yourselves, demand that the Legislation of this State be purged of these charges, if they are but charges, and of the offences, if offenses have been committed. I will sustain the Legislature, to the full extent of the power of my department, in any investigation upon this subject, without any regard to where the blow will fall. It is a question which concerns the honor of your department. I submit the whole question to your self respect, your honest convictions of duty, and your obligations to the law and to the people, as to what your duty is upon the subject.

The manner in which the Rail Road companies to which the grants of land were given by the State, have fulfilled the conditions of the law will necessarily come before you. A strict compliance with the material requirements of the law must be exacted. Stockholders in many of the Rail Road companies of this State, and a large class of the best citizens of the State, who have encumbered their farms to aid Rail Road companies, have suffered great losses and are liable to suffer still greater losses, on account of the criminal mismanagement and breaches of trust of their agents and officers. As far as possible the Legislature should establish safeguards against such wrongs, and pass laws making it a criminal offence for any director, officer, agent or servant of any R. R Co. to appropriate, sell, transfer, or in any manner dispose of any funds or securities belonging to any Rail Road company, or to the stockholders thereof, for any other object than for the necessary and legitimate purposes of such road.

An alteration should be made in many of our criminal laws, which in cases of light offences, and particularly with youthful offenders, will give the courts a greater distinction in imposing punishment.

The law on the subject of gambling needs amending. The penalties against this vice operate as inventions to indulge in it. At every session of the Legislature, gamblers and blacklegs throng this city, dogging the footsteps of citizens, enticing the young and confirming an evil habit in the old. Severe punishment should be imposed upon these professional gamblers, armed with all the paraphernalia of a disgraceful profession, to drive them if possible from their pursuits. Officers should be compelled to a strict performance of their duties in this respect. I shall take great pleasure in attending to the execution of any law that may be made on this subject.

More stringent legislation is required, to compel public officers to the performance of their duties. Bold and wealthy criminals are too frequently suffered to escape punishment, for no other conceivable reason than the high respect felt by public officers, for the dignity and magnitude of the offences committed.

The value of all criminal law in the protection of persons and property, and in the prevention of crime, is in the certainty of its execution. In this age, more than at any other in the history of the civilized world, crimes are increasing with astounding rapidity. There is more alarming and comparatively less wisdom; more professions of virtue and comparatively more vice; more religion and comparatively less true Christianity than the world ever witnessed before. Art and science pay tribute to criminal capacity, and are made auxiliaries to aid in successful violation of the law. Unless greater efforts are made to secure punishment for offences; if the boldness and frequency of public wrongs are so secure their impunity, but a little time must elapse before an aptitude for the commission of crime will become a confirmed defect in the character of the American people.

REVISION OF THE LAWS.

The Commissioners appointed to revise the laws have been engaged with great industry upon their duties. The ability and character of the gentlemen composing the commission, inspires confidence that the revision of our laws will be wisely and satisfactorily made. I am assured that their report will be made to you in an early part of the session.

LOCAL LEGISLATION.

My predecessor called the attention of the Legislature to the excessive local legislation which has been indulged in since the organization of the State Government. I must call your attention earnestly to the necessity of a reform in this respect. Section 1 of Article 12 of the Constitution of this State is as follows:

"Corporations, without banking powers or privileges, may be formed under general laws, but shall not be created by special act, except for municipal purposes, and in cases where, in the judgment of the Legislature, the objects of the corporation cannot be obtained under general laws."

Nearly all the local legislation of the last ten years, which has filled large volumes, and cost the State, in time spent by the Legislature, and in expense of printing, at least one hundred thousand dollars might have been entirely dispensed with, and all the benefits derived, or expected to be derived, might have been realized under general laws provided for the purpose, or from the action of Boards of County Supervisors, or by proceedings in court. Economy in public expenditures, in this time of financial distress, would be your sufficient warrant for abandoning this system of Legislation, if the Constitution did not prohibit it.

ASSESSMENT LAWS.

Our assessment laws are full of imperfections, and the attention of the Legislature is earnestly invited to the necessity of a change in the present system. The law should compel the assessors to assess all property liable to be taxed, both real and personal, at its actual value. There is now, in towns and counties throughout the State, a competition among assessors in the art of making low assessments, far below the value of the property assessed. Each seems to fear that his district will be compelled to bear too great a proportion of the general burthens. By the inequality and want of uniformity of the system, great numbers escape the payment of their just proportion of the taxes, and great numbers are forced to pay too much. The law should insist that every tax payer give in to the assessor an accurate statement of the amount, and estimated real value of his property. Other effects of a serious character are found in the detail of our present laws, and as the importance of the alteration of the law is very great, I commend it to your attention at an early day of the session, before the pressure of other business shall prevent its careful and deliberate consideration.

TREASURY SCHOOL LAND OFFICES.

The investigations that were made two years ago into the condition of our public offices, and into the manner in which the business of the several State Departments had been conducted, disclosed the fact that grave offences had been committed, and gross frauds perpetrated by men intrusted with the administration of public affairs. Money had been embezzled from the public treasury to a large amount; illegal fees had been taken by officers in the School Land

VOLUME XV. MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL, SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 16, 1858. NEW SERIES.

THE FEDERAL COURTS.

During the late financial difficulty my attention has been called to the oppressive character be U S District Courts, in matters between individuals, growing out of or founded upon contracts which come before them. By construction upon or writ of error is allowed to the ne Court of the U S. in any civil case between individuals when the amount involved in controversy is less than two thousand dollars.—These courts are beyond the reach of the people, their decisions, to a certain extent, are as arbitrary and absolute as a determination of the Czar of Russia. They have no sympathy for misfortunes among our citizens, and hundreds of men in times among our citizens, but without in good pecuniary circumstances, but without present available means, may be, and frequently have been ruined, by the speed with which judgements are entered and final process issued and executed. No attention is paid to the course of practice of the State courts, except so far as it facilitates the commencement and prosecution of suits. These courts were not in the first instance organized for any other purpose than to take cogn zance of cases arising under the laws of the United States. I submit to you the propriety of asking Congress to pass some law confining the business of these courts to such cases alone.

The pecuniary embarrassment and distress of the past few months, will work out a great good to the country. Business of almost every kind had been overdone. The great majority of business men were relying in an imaginary and not real, prosperity. Men ripe for wild speculations, found the speculators ripe to their hands. Everything bore a fictitious value. Lands, products, manufactured articles, all things marketable, were valued above a real worth. The currency was inflated by over issues of bank notes. States were rich in the issue and sale of evidences of their debts. Railroad directors and agents were rich in speculations upon what they had plundered from stockholders and stockholders in incorporated companies were rich in the fictitious value of their stocks. Sellers were rich in debts due for property sold, and buyers were rich in that abundance of credit which enabled them to get into debt. Men dealt recklessly and lived extravagantly, and forgot their obligations to each other, and higher obligations than those they owed to men.

Reverses came, as they always will come, following fast upon the heels of excess. There is a lesson to be learned from these experiences from which men may grow wiser and better. The great evil which lies back of all these exhibitions of successes and reverses, is in the tendencies of the age. The great mass of our people are earning to despise labor, forgetting that every dollar acquired by any other means than as a reward for honest industry, or well directed skill and enterprise in some honorable avocation or employment, is so much lost to some less lucky man. Too many are endeavoring to live without labor, and to get money without earning it. The people must learn to guard against these evils, as they learn to account for them, after they have come. Notwithstanding all that has been suffered, the country is substantially rich in real wealth.—Wisconsin is rich in the abundance of her agricultural and mineral products; rich in her facilities for the transaction of business; in public improvements; in public and private charities; in educational institutions; in the intelligence and practical independence of her citizens; in her religious institutions; in an educated enlightened public press; in that large liberty, acknowledged by the law, and protected by the wisdom and prudence and independence of her courts of justice, and in ideas of equality which recognize the rights of every man as sacred, without regard to class, condition, creed, or birth place.

Her commercial interests, are as vast in extent, as her resources are exhaustless. A great carrying highway is on her West, and another on her East, and iron roads, binding together our rich, growing cities, are traversing all her length and breadth. The farms of the people are like gardens, and her cities are set, like bright jewels, in the crown of her prosperity. Wise legislation, not for party purposes, but to redress grievances, protect rights, and to prevent evils; an honest and frugal administration of the government and a due regard for the rights of all men, will enhance the enjoyment of all these blessings. I commend the great interests of the State and the people to your care, and to the overruling Providence of God. I shall co-operate with you in all useful and considerate legislation for the public benefit.

ALEX W. RANDALL.

MADISON, Jan. 14, 1858.

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Dealers in Saddlery, Hardware, Carriage Trimmings, &c.

nov4

DRAFTS ON EUROPE.

THE Farmers' and Millers Bank will sell drafts for remittance to England, Ireland, Scotland, Germany France, and other European States, in sums to suit purchasers.

H. H. CAMP, Cashier.

MILWAUKEE, January 14, 1858.

OPPOSITION ICE!

I WILL deliver first quality ice throughout the year, to all parts of the city, at the following prices

10 to 12 pounds daily at $1.00 per month.
12 " 15 " " " 1,25 " "
15 " 20 " " " 1,50 " "

Larger quantities from 15 to 180 or 190 pounds.

Persons supposing their ice from the subscriber may rely on being from sly served with the best of ice.

HENRY KNOWLTON, the old Ice man, is my foreman.

Orders left with Hunn or Goodrich, will meet with attention. DIEDRICH NIPPER.

N. B.—During the winter ice will be delivered at 38 cents a load, payable on delivery.

nov14dtd

Old Newspapers.

WE want to purchase a couple of tons of old Newspapers. They must be free from dirt.

NOONAN & McNAB

dec17

MILWAUKEE DRUG WAREHOUSE.
HENRY FESS, JR.,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist,
195 East Water Street.

TALLOW OIL.—10 barrels Tallow Oil for sale very low on storage by H. FESS, Jr., Druggist.

25 BBLS. ALCOHOL, rectified and for sale by H. Fess, Jr., Druggist, 195 E. Water St.

CONGRESS WATER.—40 Cases Congress Water received and for sale by HENRY FESS, Jr., Druggist, 195 E. Water St.

SAL SODA for sale by HENRY FESS, Jr., Druggist.

ROSE PINK.—Two barrels for sale by HENRY FESS, Jr., Druggist.

10 BBLS. GLUE received and for sale by H. FESS, Jr., Druggist, 195 E. Water St.

6 BBLS. COPAL VARNISH, for sale by H. FESS Jr., Druggist, 195 E. Water St.

jan7

Notice of Co-Partnership.

BEN FRANKLIN HOOK AND JOS. PATTERSON HOOKE, Phoenix Building, 3d story, opposite State Bank.

MR. GEORGE A. HICKOK, having associated with the proprietors of the "HOOK" connection, will hereafter be conducted under the name of HOOKE, BURDICK & CO., at the old stand, where we shall be happy to wait upon our old friends.

We have just put in operation an Adams Power Press which will enable us to do the very best class of work, in that line.

Prices to correspond with the times

J. F. ERVING, A. H. BURDICK, S. B. HOOKE, C. A. TRACY-RR, } ERVING, BURDICK & CO., Proprietors.

Milwaukee, Jan 4th, 1858. jan5 81dlw

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the name of BLAKE & ILSLEY, was dissolved on the 25th inst., by mutual consent.

A. F. CLARKE,
J. P. ILSLEY, Jr.

Milwaukee, January 2, 1858.

THE SUBSCRIBERS can be found at the old stand of Clarke & Ilsley, corner of Main and Wisconsin sts., where they will continue to sell Real Estate, and negotiate loans on Bonds and Mortgages.

A. F. CLARKE.

jan5 81 lw

H. BUTTERFIELD & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 23 Spring St., Milwaukee,

WILL ATTEND to the sale of all kinds of goods and merchandize, either at auction or on commission.

Consignments solicited, on which advances will be made. nov1 1858 7tf

TO LET.

THOSE IN SEARCH OF elegant and cheap first class brick dwellings, are informed, by the undersigned agent, of the completion of "Adler's" brick block on Jefferson Street, comprising four new brick tenements built in the most expensive manner, and furnished rooms built in the most expensive manner, and furnished with every modern improvement. They will be rented very low to responsible tenants, and all information, &c. given by W. LADLAW, exclusive agent, 299 East Water street.

dec3

APPLES.—1,000 Bbls. Choice Winter Apples that must be sold at 170 East Water street. Hereafter a Book-store and, one door north of State Bank building. HARRISON, TUTTLE & CO.

To Printers.

WE have just received a large supply of Cards, Card Boards, Plain Dap, letter and Note Papers, Fancy Note Papers, Flat paper, as Cap, Post, Demy, Medium, Check Post, &c., which we offer at New York prices.

NOONAN & McNAB.

nov1

R. N. AUSTIN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office, No. 15 Albany Block,
MICHIGAN ST.....MILWAUKEE

nov11 3m

ONE HUNDRED HOGSHEADS
NEW ORLEANS SUGARS!
Just Received on Consignment,
PRICES VERY LOW.
LITTELL & BAKER,
160 East Water St.

Jan4 '58 1 d 1 w

One Thousand Barrels
GREEN APPLES.

COMPRISING the choicest varieties, that must be sold for cash without regard to cost, at 170 East Water Street, one door north of State Bank Building. HARRISON, TUTTLE & CO.

jan5

Blank Books, Blank Books.

WE HAVE a large stock of superior bank account books, made and warranted, which we are offering low for cash. Blank books made to order, in the best manner. A WHITTEMORE & CO.,
197 East Water St.

dec2

Cheap Letter and Note Paper.

TEN CASES of choice Letter and Note Papers received this day, which we will sell by the ream or half ream at 20 per cent. lower prices than was ever before offered.

dec23 NOONAN & McNAB.

Teas, Teas.

THE finest BLACK TEAS in Milwaukee, for 5 per pound, at THOMPSON'S, 205 East Water St.

Potatoes.

THIS LATE POTATOES, at 40 cents per bushel at THOMPSON'S.

F. RANDALL,
ATTORNEY and COUNSELLOR at LAW,
NO. 19 NASSAU STREET,
(Room No. 20.) nov20 d6m NEW YORK CITY.

NOTICE.

IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the several Departments of the Seventh Ward School will be open for the reception of pupils on Wednesday, January 13th inst., at 9 o'clock A. M.

Pupils are requested to be there punctually at the hour. By order of the Board

J. ABEGGR, Secretary.

Jan5 8t

Milwaukee Ornamental Glass Works,
FOWLER ST. between 3d and 4th Sts.
WILLIAM GREEN, Manufacturer of ornamental, stained, ground and cut glass, for public buildings, churches, dwelling houses, &c.; Glass globes and shades, a great variety on hand, and lamps furnished to order in any style of painting and dealer in French and English plate, crystal, sheet and double thick glass

Orders by mail will be promptly attended to.

aug21dly

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,
AT OCONOMOWOC.

THIS INSTITUTION, founded under the auspices of the Bishop and Convention of the Diocese of Wisconsin, is now open for the reception of pupils. It is under the charge of Rev. L. Wilcox Davis, as Rector and Mrs. C. L. Mason and Daughter, as Principal and Assistant. The situation is pleasant and healthy. The course of Instruction thorough, the Discipline such as that of a Christian Family and the terms moderate. For further information apply to the Rector, or Principal, at Oconomowoc, Wisconsin.

mar26-d&76-1y.

NOTICE.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the undersigned is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

RICHARD ROWLAND,
JNO. R. JONES.

This January 9th, 1858.

THE UNDERSIGNED will continue the business at the old stand, on the corner of Michigan and Jefferson Sts., and he is authorized to settle up the business of the late firm.

RICHARD ROWLAND.

jan12 9308w

STORE TO RENT!

FIXTURES FOR SALE.

CLOSING OUT SALE!

—OF—

Fifty Thousand Dollars Worth

—OF—

DRY GOODS!

AT OVER THIRTY PER CENT. BELOW COST for the next Thirty Days.

ADLER, NEWBOUER & CO.

THE UNDERSIGNED take the pleasure to inform their customers, and the public in general, that they have taken the store in the Arcade Building,

171 East Water Street,

which will be ready to open on the 1st of February next. They will therefore offer their entire stock, which is very large, for the next thirty days only, at the above sacrifice.

All those who are in want of Dry Goods will do well by calling on

ADLER, NEWBOUER & CO.,
No. 19 Spring Street. jan6

MASQUERADE!!

BIERSACH & GRASSLER,
No. 316 West Water Street, Milwaukee,
HAVE A LARGE AND BEAUTIFUL assortment of—

FANCY DRESSES,

For Masquerades, consisting in part of the choicest and handsomest French, Spanish, Italian and Oomical characters, which they are now prepared to lend or sell on the most reasonable terms.

All kinds of Dresses made to order at the shortest notice, and in the neatest and most correct style.

Dresses sent to all parts of the State.

BIERSACH & GRASSLER,
316 West Water St.

dec30 9 20 d3m

NOTHING

IS SO APPROPRIATE FOR A

NEW YEAR'S GIFT,

AS A

SETT OF CUTLERY!

The best that are made can be found at

J. HARDY'S,

Opposite the Walker House, Mil.

dec30

FOR SALE.

20,000 BU. Corn; 20,000 bu. Oats.—Also, just received, a consignment of Wrapping Papers, which will be sold cheap for cash or in exchange for Rags.

COLE, BRADLEY & Co., Com. Merchants,
dec31 d&w6w 313 W. Water St.

CALEB WALL'S ADV'TS
CITY AUCTION ROOM.

City Auction Room.

I GAVE NOTICE through our papers that we had a large stock of Dry Goods from N. York, from first hands, and not from jobbers, corner of Twenty first st. The goods are all from New York, and no other place; The goods are all new, not many items of each, and as regards the goods, there are not many items of each, so much the better. They are plain, substantial goods, which we always keep in our families. The goods which we always keep in the store on the west side of the river, formerly occupied by J. L. Pierce, where they will remain for thirty or sixty days, although I have as much mind to open a retail store, although I have as much right to do so as others, as any one else has to close his pieces. I have heard that several of our merchants complain that I injure the trade by selling goods so low. I would kindly say to those merchants, that the goods are all paid for, and if they will come and purchase goods are all paid for, and if they will come and purchase of me as a retail price, I will give them credit, that is provided they can give me good paper, endorsed six months by two oaths; or I will sell the entire stock out, which I estimate to be twenty thousand dollars, on the following terms: One-fourth cash in three months—balance in one, two or three years with seven per cent. interest, secured by a mortgage on property in our city. But I shall continue to retail the goods until they are all sold, and I would say to all of our customers, that you can get as low as any one, and every kind of goods you want at thirty per cent less than ever sold in the city before. Mr. Ayres has the entire charge of the said goods. I attend to all auction sales, and should not be well given it to all auction sales, and should not be well given it to my former attention I always have done. Any one having stocks of goods to sell, I am ready at all times to purchase the same. Call on me.

CALEB WALL, City Auctioneer.

dec8

City Auction Room.

I WANT to purchase twenty thousand to thirty thousand dollars worth of Dry Goods in the following way: One quarter cash, balance in good city property; or I will pay all cash if I can agree on prices; or I will exchange good Bonds and Mortgages, or Real Estate, or School Lands. Any one who has a stock of goods and wishes to give up and retire to private life, call on me and I will buy you out. My object is to do good to all, and keep myself at the same time. Or, if any one wants to sell his stock of Goods at auction, I will advance him from one-third to one-half its worth on said Goods. I will advance on all kinds of Goods, Furniture, &c., &c., but said Goods will be sold in ten days after the advance, or the parties can, if they wish, redeem by paying the advance, and interest. All I want is to make money out of money, and keep the balance a rolling. I also want it understood that I am ready to do all auction business I can get. This is the only way that the great stock of Goods which has been selling on the west side of the river, at half price, that I have concluded to keep the store open for thirty days longer. The crowd is so great and Goods so cheap that I think it my duty to give all a chance to get great bargains. Recollect it is the store room formerly occupied by J. L. Pierce, on west side of the river. CALEB WALL.

1 dec22

City Auction Room.

A NOTHER STOCK OF GOODS arrived, all from New York. I have now, I think, the largest and most complete assortment of Dry Goods, over at the west side, where J. L. Pierce formerly kept, on the river. Any kind of Goods are going off at 50 per cent. less than cost. Great crowds every day,—Twenty two thousand dollars worth of Goods, everything you can think of. Ten clerks ready to wait on every person. A chance. CALEB WALL.

City Auction Room.

I HAVE, left in my care, a superior Family Horse, which can be recommended as perfectly safe. Any person wishing a horse cheap, will do well to call and examine. The owner of said horse is going to be absent for six or eight months. This is the reason said horse is sold. It will be sold on six months time if desired. CALEB WALL.

dec29

HICKOK.
DESIGNING!
DESIGNING!!
ENGRAVING!
ENGRAVING!
ENGRAVING!
FRANCIS S. HICKOK,

ARTIST AND ENGRAVER ON WOOD, executes in every form, style and fashion, Illustrations for Newspapers, Views of Buildings, Towns, Cities and Landscapes, Title Pages for Magazines

PORTRAITS

Of Individuals, Prize Cattle, Sheep and Horses; Bill Heads, Bank Checks, Business Cards, Show Bills, Labels, Maps, Seals of Societies, Machinery,

Ornamental Designs for Borders, &c.

—FOR—

PRINTING IN COLORS!

All reasonable prices, and to give perfect satisfaction.

SPECIAL ATTENTION paid to Views of elegant Buildings, where detail in ornamental work is necessary.

Dealers in furniture, Housekeeping Articles and Hardware, would do well to have

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES!

Exhibiting the various styles and new models of their goods in readiness for the spring trade.

Orders by Mail, Telegraph or Express promptly attended to.

FRANCIS S. HICKOK,
134 East Water Street, Milwaukee.

dec4 7 3 d3m

JOHN OGDEN,
Manufacturer and dealer in
CARRIAGES OF ALL KINDS.

Repository on Spring (between 2d and 3rd) St.

HAS on hand a large Stock of Carriages, Eastern and home manufactory. Also, Spokes, Hubbs, Bent Poles, Shafts, Fellows, Bows &c., which he will sell on reasonable Terms.

Persons wanting to obtain any of the above articles will please call and examine for themselves before purchasing otherways.

The subscriber is prepared to do all kinds of Repairing at the shortest notice. (aug21) JOHN OGDEN.

LEFEVRE & GREENE.

APPLE PARER, Slicer and Corer combined, at LEFEVRE & GREENE'S.

BRASS, Tinned, Glazed and Porcelain lined preserving Kettles, at LEFEVRE & GREENE'S.

BORING AND MORTICING machines just received by LEFEVRE & GREENE, St. East Water Street.

AN ASSORTMENT of oak tanned, patent stretched Leather Belting, at manufacturer's prices, at LEFEVRE & GREENE'S.

CARRIAGE MAKING.

THE subscribers offer their services to the public in the above business. They manufacture all kinds of Light Carriages in the most fashionable style, and of the best materials.

All work from this establishment is warranted to be as good as any obtained elsewhere, and upon as reasonable terms. A share of patronage is respectfully solicited.

W. W. THORNE,
Corner of Cedar and West Water Sts.

mar28 d&6m

FOR THE HOLIDAYS!

BIBLES AND PRAYER BOOKS,

Beautifully Bound;

Standard Editions of the Poets;

WORLD NOTED WOMEN,

A new Book, splendidly bound. A large assortment of

JUVENILE BOOKS.

Papier Mache and Rosewood Desks and Boxes,

PORTMONNAIES & MONEY BAGS,

Building Blocks, Dissected Pictures,

GAMES, ALPHABET CAL CARDS AND BLOCKS,

PAPER DOLLS, &C.

You can hardly fail to find something to please. Give a call at E. PERRY & CO'S.
dec31 196 East Water St.

RICH PRESENTS!
FOR THE HOLIDAYS!
JEWELRY FOR THE MILLION!!

JOSEPH HYMAN,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
Jewelry, Watches, Silver and Plated Ware, &c.,
No. 17 Spring Street.

I HAVE just received a new and splendid stock of Jewelry, Watches, and Plated Ware, &c., to inform their customers, and the public in general, that they have taken the store in the Arcade Building, and invite attention to their assortment of Fine Watches, such as Railroad Time Keepers, Duplex, Chronometers, in open and hunting cases, for Ladies and Gentlemen. Also a rich stock of Jewelry, in Cameos, Lavas, Mosaics, Turquoise, &c. &c. Also a splendid assortment of Pocket Cutlery, &c. &c. Also a splendid assortment of Fine Gold and Silver Spectacles, Necklaces, &c., &c.

SILVERWARE.

SUCH AS SPOONS, FORKS, CUPS, SOUP LADLES, Fish and Cake Knives and Forks. Also a large stock of Plated Goods, such as Spoons, Forks, Goblets, Cups, Waiters, Baskets, Castors, &c., &c., all of which will be sold low for Holiday Presents; and will be sold retail at wholesale prices. I have also just received a splendid stock of Clocks and Fancy Goods, which I will offer very cheap, at wholesale or retail, all of which I will warrant to be as represented. I respectfully invite my friends and customers, and the public in general, to call and examine my stock and prices, which will be lower than any other House west of New York. Watchmakers, Dealers and Pedlars will do well to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Watches and Jewelry repaired and made to order. Remember the place. JOSEPH HYMAN,
dec19 17 Spring Street, Milwaukee.

CASH
WHOLESALE GROCERY HOUSE!
BOYNTON & SMITH,
WHOLESALE GROCERS & COM. MERCHANTS,
No. 85 East Water St., Mil., Wis.

WE ARE JUST IN RECEIPT of a large and well selected assortment of

Teas, Coffees, Tobacco, Spices, Sugars, Syrup and Molasses,

Together with everything usually wanted by the retail dealers, which we offer at the lowest market rates FOR CASH.

E. B. BOYNTON. HENRY C. SMITH.

nov17 6t9

Great Bargains—Assignees' Sale,

THE UNDERSIGNED, assignee of E. B. Throop, is selling off at reduced prices, at the store recently occupied by E. Throop, 180 East Water St., the large stock of Hats, Caps, Furs, Mittons and Gloves assigned to him.

nov21 6t81

R. S. DAGGETT, Assignee.

SILVER PLATED TEA SETT.

JUST received, a few choice patterns of Rodger's Electro Plated Tea Setts, the best in the world. All 20 Cake Baskets, Butter Coolers, Molasses Cups, Castor poons, Forks, &c., of the best silver plate, at low prices, at (jan9) BLAIR & PERSONS.

DRY GOODS.

USEFUL DRESSES!
FOR PRESENTS!

IN ADDITION TO THE BARGAINS OFFERED LAST WEEK, IN

SILKS, MERINOES, CASHMERES,
DELAINES, CALICOES, &c.,

WE WILL ADD,

On Monday, December 21st, '57,

A beautiful assortment of

EUGENE ROBES,
At $2,50 a Pattern.

ALSO,

DEFROUX ROBES,

Being the handsomest and latest styles imported, at $5 a pattern, which are selling at other stores at from $8 to $12, and would make handsome and appropriate Christmas or New Year's Presents.

MACK BROTHERS,
No. 181 East Water Street, Mil.

dec22

CHEAP SILKS!
FOR THE HOLIDAYS!!

15,000 Yards at 5, 6, 7 and 8 Shillings!

Unequivocally the Cheapest Silks ever offered to the City.

CLOAKS,

Greater Bargains than ever. Marked lower especially FOR THE HOLIDAYS!

MACK BROTHERS,
181 East Water Street.

N. B.—Embroideries at great bargains. dec22

BRADFORD BROTHERS!
FALL GOODS!

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE AND BEAUTIFUL STOCK OF

DRESS SILKS,

BAYADERE STRIPES!

VELVET ROBES,

RICH FANCY PLAID SILK, EXTRA HEAVY BLACK SILK, of Lyons Make; 5 cases of VALENTIA PLAIDS, CHENILLE SHAWLS, of entire New Designs. A complete assortment of

FALL DELAINES,

IN SELECTED PATTERNS

In Housekeeping Goods

We are offering an entire New Variety, of the best Manufacture,

At Most Reasonable Prices!!

BRADFORD BRO'S,
155 East Water Street.

SILK, SILK, SILK!

THE UNDERSIGNED, having concluded to go out of the Fancy Silk Trade, will offer their

ENTIRE STOCK
—OF—
RICH SILKS!

Which is very large, at

NEW YORK AUCTION PRICES!

This means at prices a great deal lower than Silks ever was sold in this city heretofore, even

BANKRUPT SALES NOT EXCEPTED

The sale will commence on

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 10,

GREAT BARGAINS MAY BE EXPECTED!

SALE POSITIVE!

TERMS CASH!

ADLER, NEWBOUER & CO'S
19 SPRING STREET,
SIGN OF THE EAGLE.

nov10

EMBROIDERIES!
AT COST!

J. H. WARNER & CO. will close out their entire stock of Embroideries at cost, consisting of CAMBRIC COLLARS AND SETS.
MUSLIN COLLARS AND SETS.
GRAPE COLLARS AND SETS.
CAMBRIC EDGING AND INSERTING.
MUSLIN EDGING AND INSERTING.
CAMBRIC BANDS.
MUSLIN BANDS.
DIMITY BANDS.
LINEN CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS, &c.

J. H. WARNER & CO.,
Albany Building, Michigan Street, Milwaukee,
DEALERS IN
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS,
WOOLEN YARN,
FANCY WOOLEN GOODS, &C.

oct5 4m

L. H. BLACK,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
Corner East Water and Michigan Streets
Up Stairs—Over Bank of Commerce,

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Milwaukee, that he has opened in the above place a choice and select stock of

Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings,

Of the latest styles and most fashionable patterns, which have been selected with a view alone to the CUSTOM TRADE. Gentlemen desirous of obtaining Garments made in the best style, and of the most elegant Spring Goods, would do well to call and examine my stock, as I am confident that I can give entire satisfaction—as well in the quality of style and fit of my garments, as to price.

Gentlemen will prefer to furnish their own goods will be promptly attended to.

Remember—OVER THE BANK OF COMMERCE

oct6 d3m

JOHN RICE,
WHOLESALE DRUGGIST,
83 East Water St., Milwaukee

Has constantly on hand, a full supply of

CAMPHENE.
ALCOHOL.
BURNING FLUID.
WINTER BLEACHED WHALE OIL.
WINTER BLEACHED ELEPHANT OIL.
WINTER BLEACHED SPERM OIL.
DAYTON WINTER LARD OIL.
MACHINE OIL.
LINSEED OIL.
BOILED OIL.
TURPENTINE.
WINDOW GLASS.
QUININE.
CAMPHOR.
SAL RATUS.
EPSOM SALTS.
CREAM TARTAR.
SALERATUS.

And a full assortment of Drugs, Patent Medicines and Glass Ware, Spices, &c., &c. nov6

HOFFMAN & MEYER,
Manufacturers, Importers and Dealers
—AT—
255 East Water St. - - Milwaukee.

GILT MOULDINGS, GOLD FRAMES,
ENGRAVINGS,
PICTURES, LOOKING GLASSES,
IN EVERY VARIETY.

v12 658d1y.

SMITH S. WILKINSON,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, and
NOTARY PUBLIC,
PRAIRIE DU SAC, SAUK CO.....WISCONSIN

Particular attention given to collecting Debts, paying taxes, &c. nov12d6m

JUST ARRIVED,
NEW SEASON'S TEA,
Per Ship Sancho Panza

New Dessert Fruits,
Imperial Plums,
Layer Raisins,
Spanish Filberts,
Grenoble Walnuts,
Pecan and Brazil Nuts,
Isabella Grapes, equal to hot house,
Sweet Sparkling Cider,
Fresh Peaches and Tomatoes,
Bottled Fruits,
Essence of Anchovies and Shrimps,
Sardines,
Hominy and Samp.

dec16 MASTERSON & PIERCE, Main st. Milwaukee.

BARTER TRADE.

WE are prepared to exchange Bonds and Stocks for Real Estate, on fair terms, or City Property or Cheap Farming Lands for City Property, Goods of any description, or for R. R. Stocks or Bonds.

J. WELD & BALDWIN,
sep19 118 Wisconsin Street.

RAILROADS.

LA CROSSE & MILWAUKEE RAIL ROAD.

GREAT WINTER ROUTE!

—TO—

LA CROSSE AND ST. PAUL.

Money, Distance, and Twenty-Four Hours Time Saved over any other Route.

ON AND AFTER JANUARY 11th, 1858, Passengers Trains will run, until further notice, between Milwaukee, Hartford, Horicon, Junction, Beaver Dam, Portage City, Kilbourn City, Mauston, Lisbon and intermediate Stations, as follows:

TRAIN WESTWARD.

Leaves Milwaukee from Depot, foot of Chestnut St. 1.45 P. M.; Richfield 2.07; Cedar Creek, 2.35; Junction, 3.12; Beaver Dam, 3.55; connect for Canterbury and West Bend; Hartford 5.32; Woodland 6.10; Horicon 6.35, where it connects with trains upon the Horicon R. R. for Waupun, Ripon, Berlin and Oshkosh; also with stages for Beaver Dam and Watertown; Junction 7.47, and connects with trains of Fond du Lac R. R. for Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Menasha, Appleton and Green Bay; Beaver Dam 8.01, where stages connect for Madison via Columbus and Four Prairies; Portage City 7.05 P. M.; Kilbourn City 8.01, where stages connect south for Baraboo, and north for Quincy, Germantown, Neededah and Grand Rapids, arriving at Wisconsin Point, 9.05, arriving at Lisbon 9.38 P. M., where stages connect via Tomah, Sparta, Bangor, Burns, LaCrosse, Winona, Reed's Landing, Red Wing and Hastings for ST. PAUL; also via Black River Falls, Round Oaks, Menominee Falls, Hudson and Stillwater, to St. Paul.

TRAIN EASTWARD.

Leaves Lisbon at 4.47 A. M., Mauston 5.12; Kilbourn City 6.10; Portage City 7.15; Beaver Dam 9.10; Junction 9.34, connecting with trains upon Fond du Lac railroad; Horicon 9.46, where it connects with trains upon Horicon R. R.; Woodland 10.14; Hartford 10.42; Richfield 11.05, arriving at Milwaukee at 12.35 P. M.; connecting directly with trains upon Chicago & Milwaukee R. R. for Chicago and all eastern and southern cities, also with trains upon Milwaukee & Mississippi R. R. for Janesville and Madison, and via Watertown Division L. C. & M. R. to Watertown and Columbus.

Passengers must procure Tickets before entering the Cars.

EDWIN H. GOODRICH, Manager.

Milwaukee, Jan., 1858. jan8

RACINE & MISSISSIPPI R. R.

OPEN TO DURAND!

ON and after Monday, Jan. 11th, 1858, trains will run as follows:

GOING WEST.

Leave Racine—Freight and Accommodation 6:15 A. M.
" —Passenger 4:00 P. M.

GOING EAST.

Leave Beloit—Passenger train, 6:00 A. M.
Leave Durand—Freight and Acc., 7:45 A. M.

6 A. M. Train from Beloit connects at Racine with morning trains on Lake Shore R. R. for Milwaukee and all stations on the Chicago, St. Paul and Fond du Lac Railroad.

4.00 P. M. Train from Racine takes passengers from Milwaukee by the afternoon train upon the Lake Shore R. R.; arrive at Union passengers from Chicago by the afternoon train on the Chicago, St. Paul and Fond du Lac Railroad.

STAGES

Connect at Durand for Freeport; at Burlington, for Rochester and Waterford; at Springfield for Geneva.

Freight forward with despatch.

ROBERT HARRIS, Superintendent,
Racine, Jan. 9th, 1858. jan8

1857. Winter Arrangement. 1858.

VIA. MICHIGAN CENTRAL

AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

TRAINS LEAVE Michigan Central Depot, Chicago:

6.00 A. M.—NEW YORK EXPRESS. Arrive at Detroit 7.50 P. M.; Suspension Bridge or Buffalo 5.45 A. M.; Albany 6.30 P. M.; New York 12 at night; Philadelphia 11.45 P. M.

7.45 A. M.—CINCINNATI EXPRESS. Arrive at Cincinnati 12 at night.

3.45 P. M.—NEW YORK AND BOSTON EXPRESS. Arrive at Detroit 10.15 A. M.; Suspension Bridge or Buffalo 10.00 P. M.; New York 8.40 P. M.; Boston 10.00 P. M. next day.

8.45 P. M.—CINCINNATI EXPRESS. Arrive at Cincinnati 7 P. M.; Louisville 4 P. M.

Only one train on Sunday at 8.45 P. M.

6 A. M. and 3.45 P. M. trains connect at Paris with the Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway, for Buffalo and all points East; at Toronto with Grand Trunk Railway, to Kingston, Ogdensburgh, Montreal, Quebec, and all points in Canada East, Northern Vermont, New Hampshire and Nova Scotia.

Baggage checked through.

Through tickets for sale at the principal Railroad offices in the West, and at the general office, corner Lake & Dearborn streets, opposite the Tremont House, Chicago, and at the D pot, foot of Lake street.

H. N. RICE, Sup't.
H. J. SPALDING, Gen. Pass. Agent. dec24

1857. 1858.

BUFFALO & LAKE HURON R. R.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO

Merchants, Forwarders, Steamboat Owners, etc.

BUFFALO to SAGINAW, 14 HOURS.
" " SAULT ST. MARIE, 22 "
" " GREEN BAY, 36 "
" " MILWAUKEE, 40 "

ALL THIS WILL BE DONE NEXT SUMMER

THE BUFFALO & LAKE HURON RAILWAY will be open from Buffalo to Goderich Harbor, on Lake Huron, about Christmas next.

The merchants of Milwaukee and points North-West, Freight agents and owners of Steamboats, are requested to make preparations for this new, cheap and direct route

Between the Northwest and Buffalo.

Communications may be addressed to G. T. Nutter, Gen'l Western Agent, Detroit, Mich., or to the undersigned.

R. H. BARLOW.
Managing Director

VOLUME XV. MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL, SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 16, 1858. NEW SERIES.

MILWAUKEE BUSINESS DIRECTORY

THE FOLLOWING LIST OF BUSINESS HOUSES AND MANUFACTURING ESTABLISHMENTS ARE AMONG THE BEST AND MOST PROMINENT IN THEIR RESPECTIVE LINES OF BUSINESS.
G. W. HAWES' COLUMN.
mar15dly

Hardware, - - - - - - - Wholesale.

LE FEVRE & GREENE,
Dealers in
Hardware and Agricultural Implements,
No. 91 East Water street, opposite Wisconsin Leather Co

Clothing, - - - - - - - Wholesale

SWAFFIELD & RUSSELL,
256 East Water street,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
CLOTHING AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS
RUBBER CLOTHING,
At New York Prices.

STERN BROTHERS & CO.,
BALTIMORE CLOTHING HOUSE,
In Clothing and Furnishing Goods,
142 East Water Street.
This House is a branch of the largest manufacturing House in the East, and defy in quality and price, ever competition.

H. FISHEL & BROTHERS,
No. 178 East Water street,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers and Manufacturers of CLOTHING AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.
☞ Particular attention paid to Custom Work.
mar14dly

Dry Goods, - - - - - Wholesale.

SEXTON, BROTHER & CO.,
Importers and Jobbers of
FOREIGN & DOMESTIC DRY GOODS AND YANKEE NOTIONS.
Always on hand, a full and complete assortment of every description, direct from manufactories, suited to the Western Trade.
Nos. 143 and 145 East Water Street.

Yankee Notions, - - - - Wholesale.

HANSEN, WESTERMANN & CO.,
Importers and Jobbers of
YANKEE NOTIONS, FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FANCY GOODS AND TOYS.
Also, Hosiery and Knitted Jackets, Musical Instruments, Gallery, &c., &c.,
No. 163 East Water Street, (up Stairs,)
Choice Havana and Domestic Segars.

Lock Manufactory Establishment.

LOCK MANUFACTURERS.
SCHLAGENHAUF & JOHNSON,
Manufacturers of
VAULT DOORS, POWDER AND BURGLAR PROOF BANK LOCKS.
We would call particular attention to our Double-Acting Combination Locks.
We are prepared to refer especially to the State Bank of Wisconsin and Wisconsin Marine and Fire Insurance Co. Bank.
Also, to the Marine Bank, Milwaukee,
All of this city.
☞ Bell Hangings, and also Sunderlors for Hotels put up neatly and promptly at No. 215 East Water St.

Boots & Shoes, - - Wholesale & Retail

ATKINS & STEELE,
Manufacturers and wholesale and retail dealers in
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Sign of the Mammoth Boot,
147
East Water street, Milwaukee, Wis.

Crockery - - Wholesale and Retail

SIVYER, TERRILL & CO.,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in
CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASSWARE
Looking Glasses, Cutlery, Japanned, Britannia Willow, Wooden Wares, &c.,
No. 59 East Water Street, Milwaukee, Wis.

M. G. ELMORE & CO.,
Importers and Dealers in
CHINA, GLASS AND LAMPWARE,
House Furnishing Wares, Lamps, Coralius' Gas Fixtures and Manufacturers of
LOOKING GLASSES,
Gas and Steam Fitting and Plumbing,
150 EAST WATER STREET.

BEARD & PERSONS,
Importers, Jobbers and Retail Dealers in
CHINA, EARTHEN AND GLASS WARE, GAS FIXTURES,
LOOKING GLASSES, CUTLERY, &c.
163 East Water Street.

Wines, Brandies and Gins, - Wholesale

J. W. HOYT,
Wholesale Dealer in Imported
BRANDIES, WINES, LIQUOR &c.,
No. 179 East Water Street.
Double Rectified Whiskey constantly on hand at the lowest rates.

Gloves, Mittens, Bandages, &c, - - Wholesale

EMANUEL SAUER,
Manufacturer of Gloves and Bandages, Also Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Hats Caps, Suspenders, Belts, &c.,
No. 86 East Water Street, (near Mahler & Wendt.

Trunks and Valises, - - - - - Wholesale.

Isaacson Trunk Manufactory, 102 East Water Street,

JOSEPH E. CROSS'
Manufacturer and Wholesale and Retail dealer in Trunks, and Valises. Orders from the country promptly attended to.

Furniture Manufactory, - - Wholesale

J. P. BRACKARD,
Manufacturer, wholesale and retail dealer in fashionable CABINET WARE, SOFAS, CHAIRS, and Upholstery,
No. 91 Sprigg St., and 195 West Water St.
Steam Power Factory, 175 and 177 West Water Street
Cabinet Makers and Upholsterers Materials.

SEAMAN & WING,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
FURNITURE AND UPHOLSTERY
FOR SALE TO THE TRADE.—Eastern knock-down work. Veneers and Mahogany of all kinds. Hardware, Looking Glass Plate, Hair, Cloth and other Imported Curled Hair, Springs, Varnishes, Japans and every article required for manufacture.
Nos. 172 & 174 East Water Street.

Saddlery Hardware & Carriage Trimmings

GEORGE DYER & Co.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
SADDLERY HARDWARE, CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS
WHIPS, ETC. NETTS, &c.
No. 180 East Water street, Milwaukee, Wis.

Stone Ware Factory - - Wholesale

J. H. HAXFIELD,
Manufacturers and Wholesale and Retail dealers in
STONE WARE.
A general assortment of Stone Ware always on hand from his best Ohio clay. Orders from the country will receive prompt attention.
Corner of West Water and Dixboro Sts.

Sash Door and Blind Factories.

WISCONSIN PLANING MILL,
NO. 81 FIRST, DOOR AND BLIND MANUFACTORY.
The subscribers having made extensive alterations and additions to their machinery, thereby doubling the capacity of their Mill, are now prepared to furnish every variety of
SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, DOOR AND WINDOW FRAMES, MANTELS, BASE AND MOULDINGS,
Of every size and pattern, and every kind of inside finish for BUILDINGS AND STEAMBOATS.
Shelving for stores, Siding and Flooring constantly on hand.
Scroll sawing done to order.
Orders promptly attended to.
W. A. CONWAY & CO.
mar5-dly

F. Y. & C. HORNING'S
PLANING MILL AND SASH FACTORY
RIGHT OF E. Water Street,
Between Mason and Oneida Streets.
Always on hand for sale, Sash Doors and Blinds, also Siding and Flooring. All orders promptly attended to.

Leather Manufactory - - - Wholesale.

WISCONSIN LEATHER CO.,
89 East Water street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin.
Tanners and General Dealers in
HIDES, OIL, LEATHER AND FINDINGS.
JOHN ALLEN, GEO. W. ALLEN, W. ALLEN, C. WITCOMB

Camphene, - - - - - Wholesale.

J. GOODMAN,
Manufacturer of
CAMPHENE AND BURNING FLUID.
Also Wholesale Dealer in 95 deg. Alcohol and Spirits Turpentine.

Marble Works.

MILWAUKEE MARBLE WORKS.
H. C. HOFFMAN,
Manufacturer of
MONUMENTS, HEAD STONES, MANTLES, TABLE TOPS AND FONTS, &c.
On the most improved and modern designs, of Foreign and American Marble.
No. 65 Spring Street.

Books, Stationery and Paper Hangings

FORD & FAIRBANKS,
(Successors to J. A. HALL & CO.)
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
BOOKS, STATIONERY, PAPER HANGINGS, &C.
158 EAST WATER STREET
J FORD - - J. I. FAIRBANKS.

E. TERRY & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail
BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS
ALSO DEALERS IN
PRINTING INKS, BRONZE, BRASS RULE, CARDS COLORED PAPERS, &c.
☞ Blank Books made to order.
No. 198 East Water Street.

Agricultural Implements, - - Wholesale

VOSE, MITCHELL & CO.,
AGRICULTURAL AND STOVE WAREHOUSE,
94 East Water Street
Manufacturers, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Agricultural Implements. Also, dealers in Vose & Co.'s Albany Stoves
☞ Field and Garden Seeds constantly on hand.

G. W HAWES' COLUMN.

BUSINESS CARDS.

P. SCHLEY,
FILE MANUFACTURER,
292 West Water Street, adjoining Turton & Boreman's Eagle Foundry, Milwaukee. ☞ Old files re-cut as shown notice. aug8'57d56m

DADD & GALLOWAY,
HOUSE, Sign and Ornamental painters. Graining, Marbling and Paper Hanging done in the most workmanlike manner, and on the most reasonable terms.
N. B.—Shop corner of Jefferson and Michigan Streets
A. H. DADD. G. GALLOWAY.
jy18dly

WORTHINGTON & MARSHALL,
OFFICE:
No, 205 East Water St.
Having a full and complete Abstract of all the Titles to Real Estate in the City and County of Milwaukee, together with the Tax Sales and Records of Judgments in the several Courts, they are prepared to examine Titles to city lots, and lands in the County, and furnish Abstracts of the same. They will also give their attention to Negotiating Loans on Bonds and Mortgages, and making Investments.
☞ All communications relative to Real Estate in Wisconsin will be promptly attended to.
REFERENCES.....JOSEL. MARSHALL.
aprl5-d65-1y.

JAS. ARRAMS,
LAW AND ADMIRALTY OFFICE,
No. 3 Kneeland's Block, Milwaukee.
MR. ARRAMS, recently from Rochester, N. Y., has had many years practical experience in his Profession, and is familiar with the New York Code of Practice, which is now the practice of this State—he will give attention also to the business of Counsel and the trial of causes.
mar11d20d6f

P. HUEGIN,
PUMP MAKER,
HAS REMOVED from Market street, 7th Ward to North Water street, 1st Ward, between Main and Market streets, opposite the Mills—is now ready to make Pumps for Wells, Ships, etc., Water Pipes for Corporations, etc., and to do any work in this line to order and on the shortest notice.
☞ Ship Pumps constantly on hand, Pump Boxes of all sizes, and other Pump Materials, which I will sell at the lowest prices.
mar7d6mdly

COAL, COAL!
SANFORD WILLIAMS,
(SUCCESSOR TO N. FOWKINS.)
WHOLESALE and retail dealer in Coal, Pig Iron, Fire Brick, Fire Clay, Water Lime, Rosendale Cement, Sand Plaster, Salt, Grindstones, &c., &c.
sep30d93dly South Water St., Walker's Point.

OTIS FIELD & CO.
Manufacturers of diato-lied Mechanical Cushion
BILLIARD TABLES,
No. 80 Chicago Street, Milwaukee.

A LARGE SUPPLY, of all kinds of Trimmings, French Cue Tips, Cues, Cue Wax, Cue Covers, Balls, &c., kept constantly on hand.
Samples of which can be seen at OTIS FIELD'S BILLIARD SALOON in Martin's Block
jan9-d91-6m

HOWELL & MILLARD,
REAL ESTATE AGENCY,
Prairie du Chien Wisconsin.
J. S. HOWELL. (feb28d194dly) N. A. MILLARD.

JOHN PLANKINTON & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
SOAP AND CANDLES,
West Water Street, near the M. & M. R. R. depot.
MILWAUKEE.

A. W. RANDALL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
No. 5 Albany Buildings,
jy8d166dly MILWAUKEE.....WIS.

LEE & KINNARD,
BANKERS & LAND AGENTS,
MC'GREGOR, IOWA.
O. C. LEE, apr22-1y. JNO. H. KINNARD.

HENRY WILD & CO.
LAND AND EXCHANGE BROKERS,
NO. 228 EAST WATER STREET,
In the Office lately occupied by Messrs. Bridge Brothers,
EXCHANGE, SPECIE & UNCURRENT MONEY.
☞ Interest allowed on special deposit. Notes, Mortgages, etc., purchased and negotiated. Collections made and promptly remitted. sep14

BROOKS & STEVENSON,
Portrait and Landscape
PAINTERS.
Studio, Corner of East Water and Wisconsin Street, over Van Cott's.
dec14'773dly

RAMIEN & CO.,
Wholesale & Retail dealers in
CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASSWARE,
SOLAR LAMPS, LOOKING GLASSES, TEA TRAYS, &C., &C.,
No. 255, MARKET SQUARE, MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.
N. F. HEINZBERG. CHAS. D. RAMIEN.
je16

D. UPMAN & SON,
BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS,
WINONA, MINNESOTA,
DEALERS in Exchange, Gold, Silver, Uncurrent Money, and Land Warrants. Collections made and promptly remitted; loans negotiated on real estate and other securities.
Also sell warrants in sums and scires of desirable farming lands to great bargains.
D. UPMAN H. D. UPMAN.
jy8-r61-6m

CROSS & GRIDLEY,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law. Office—No. 5 Albany Building, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. jyl0d96dly

HOOKER & WEEKS.
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
(OFFICE, NO. BANY BUILDING,
Corner of Michigan and Main Sts.
MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.
D. G. HOOKER. G. A. WEEKS
jan15-d66dly

CHARLES S. BELL,
CIVIL ENGINEER, SURVEYOR AND
REAL ESTATE AGENT,
ROOM NO. 8, LAND'S BLOCK.
jan12-e49-dly.

HOWARD SALOMON
WINFIELD SMITH.
SMITH & SALOMON,
LAWYERS,
No. 4 Kneeland's Block, East Water St.,
MILWAUKEE.
dec21-al06dly

UPHAM & GRAHAM,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
AND
SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY.
Milwaukee, January 1st, 1856.

COLLINS, SMITH & KEYES,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, Madison, Wisconsin.
A. L. COLLINS, GEO. B. SMITH, J. W. KEYES.

MARTIN L. KIMBALL,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law, Berlin, Marquette County, Wisconsin.

BROWN & OGDEN,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, Milwaukee, Wisconsin.
Office in "Albany Block," Michigan st. apr29

WELLS & BRIGHAM,
Attorneys at Law, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Office in Law Buildings, Wisconsin St.
CHAS. K. WELLS. [e14] JEROME B. BRIGHAM

EDMONDS & VAN DYKE,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, Milwaukee, Wisconsin.
Office 201 East Water Street, corner of Wisconsin St., in Martin's Block.
NORMAN J. EDMONDS. [aug9] JOHN H. VAN DYKE.

NOTICE.

THE CELEBRATED CLAIRVOYANT
MADAME HAYDEN,
LATE OF BOSTON, has taken rooms No. 386 Milwaukee street, where she can be consulted on all matters of sickness; also, the Past, Present and Future.
☞ Hours from 9 A. M. until 8 P. M. sep16'54d4dly

VAN SCHAICK & SCHOONMAKER,
SUCCESSORS TO GREEN & WATKINS,
MANUFACTURERS OF QUICK LIME.
BUILDERS and others using Lime will find it to their advantage to call at our office.
my27'57d2-dlf WEST WATER ST. below Spring St.

L. KENNEDY & CO.,
Office, No. 19 Wisconsin St.,
MILWAUKEE.....WISCONSIN
General Agents for Wisconsin, Iowa and Minnesota, of the Hampden Insurance Company, Springfield, Mass., and the Massasoit Insurance Company, Springfield, Mass.
☞ Agents wanted. sep5'1868dly

MARSHALL & PEVERLY
CIVIL ENGINEERS AND SURVEYORS,
10 WISCONSIN ST., MILWAUKEE.
oct14'91dawly

A. J. CLARKE & CO.,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS
AT LAW.
A. J. CLARK—A. FEUCHTWANZER,
OFFICE, No. 11, Kneeland's Block
217 EAST WATER STREET,
Milwaukee, - - - - - Wisconsin.
sep10-dly-e884.

T. THOMAS,
CIVIL ENGINEER, SURVEYOR
Architect and Draughtsman,
MILWAUKEE, - - - - WISCONSIN.
LANDS SURVEYED, Platted, divided into Lots, &c., and all other things in his line executed with accuracy and on reasonable terms. Notary Public.
Office, No. 15 Bentwell House, Main Street.
dec16'57d65

H. C. MOWRY,
AGENT for Chicago Dar and Menasha Pail and Tub Manufactories—Manchester Scales always on hand. All kinds of Commission business promptly attended to.
Office with Cole, Bradley, & Co. No. 219 West Water Street.
nov2'61dly

E. ST. JULIEN COX,
LAW, LOAN & LAND OFFICE,
ST. PETER,
NICOLLET COUNTY, MINNESOTA,
sep26-e991-dawlf

EPSOM SALTS AND SULPHUR—50 bbls each.
HARRINGTON & CO.,
161 East Water st.
aug14

PAPER HANGINGS.

COLLINGBOURNE'S,
THE CHEAPEST HOUSE IN THE CITY FOR
WALL PAPERS
Paints, Brushes and Artists' Colors
FIRST CLASS
PAINTERS & PAPER HANGERS,
267 MAIN STREET, MIL.
sept6 E. PAINE.

J. J. McGRATH. E. PAINE.
J. J. M'GRATH & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
PAPER HANGINGS AND DECORATIONS,
ARE now opening the largest and best stock ever opened in Milwaukee, manufactured to our own order for the Summer and Fall Trade of 1857.
PAPER HANGINGS!!
Of every style, quality and price,
BORDERS,
FIRE BOARD PRINTS,
VIEWS,
STAIDARY ORNAMENTS
MOULDINGS, &c., &c.
DECORATIONS!
To suit all styles of Architecture for Parlors, Halls, Dining Rooms, Banks, Offices, etc., etc.
DECORATING AND PAPER HANGING,
In all its branches. ALL WORK WARRANTED.
WINDOW SHADES,
Of every description. Hollands of all widths and colors for shades, suitable for private dwelling, stores, saloons offices, etc., etc.
☞ Windows measured, shades painted, lettered and put up to order on short notice.
J. J. McGRATH & CO.,
1911 21 Wisconsin street, Mil.

TRANSPORTATION.

Croskey & Co's Line of Steamers
BETWEEN
N. YORK, LONDON & BREMEN.
THE MAGNIFICENT BRITISH STEAMSHIPS
QUEEN of the South, Captain Reed, 2,221 tons burthen
INDIANA..... " Baker, 2,344 " "
ARGO..... " Benson, 2,316 " "
JASON..... " Brixton, 2,667 " "
Owned by the European and American Steam Shipping Company of London and Southampton, are appointed to sail from New York on every alternate Wednesday, for London and Bremen, touching at Southampton to land passengers and mails for England and France.—They will remain one day at London, and then proceed to Bremen.
Returning, they will leave Bremen for New York on every alternate Saturday, stopping only at Southampton. These steamships are of the first class, and have superior accommodations for passengers. They will take a limited number of third class or steerage passengers. A surgeon attached to each ship.
The rates of freight to London will be but little higher than those of sailing ships.
RATES OF PASSAGE.
First cabin, $80; Second Cabin $60; Steerage $30.
The steamship Indiana will sail from New York on Wednesday the 30th Sept, and be succeeded by the Argo on Oct. 14th, and Jason Oct. 28th.
For freight or passage apply to
C. H. SAND,
may21-n765-1yeodW 11 South William St., N. Y.

THE GLASGOW AND NEW YORK
STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S
Splendid & Powerful Steamers.
EDINBURGH, 2800 tons, Wm. CUMMING, Commander.
GLASGOW, 1962 tons, JOHN DUNCAN,
Are appointed to sail
FROM GLASGOW,
NEW YORK, 2150 tons, ROBERT CRAIG, Commander.
NEW YORK, Saturday, 10th December.
EDINBURGH, Saturday, 16th January.
GLASGOW, Saturday, 30th January.
FROM NEW YORK,
NEW YORK, Saturday, 19th Jan'y, at 12 o'clock noon.
RATES OF PASSAGE.
FROM GLASGOW. FROM NEW YORK.
First Class.....16 guineas. First Class.....$75 00
Steerage found with cooked provisions, $ 0 Steerage, found with cooked provisions, 50 00
Children under 14 years of age, half fare; Infants in Steerage, $6.
Return tickets, available within six months, by any Steamers of this line—
First class.....$140
Third class..... 65
An experienced Surgeon attached to each Steamer.
For passage apply to David Allen Poe, Montreal; Jno. Cameron, Wellington street, Toronto; William Powis, James street, Hamilton; L. J. Higby, Milwaukee; John Langelotsch, 138 South Water St., Chicago; John M. Kelly, 160 Jefferson Avenue, Detroit; Grosvenor & Pickering, corner Main and Swan Sts., Buffalo.
JAMES RAEBURN,
dec23'57 9d5m 17 Broadway, New York.

CHICAGO AND MILWAUKEE
EXPRESS.
GREAT WESTERN EXPRESS CO.
OFFICES—Spring St., Milwaukee, and 187 Lake St. Chicago.
WILL Receive and Forward Express matter between Milwaukee, Racine, Kenosha, Waukegan and Chicago.
Particular attention paid to filling Orders and making Purchases of goods, and will advance the Purchase Money.
J. HOLTON, Agent.
A. TEMPLETON, Superintendent.
e290dlymar12.

LIVERPOOL, PHILADELPHIA
AND
NEW YORK SCREW STEAMSHIP CO
THE splendid Steamships forming the above Line will sail from NEW YORK as follows:
CITY OF BALTIMORE, Capt. Leitch, 12th November.
CITY OF WASHINGTON, Capt. Wylie, 26th Nov.
KANGAROO, Capt. Jeffrey, 10th December.
CITY OF BALTIMORE, Capt. Leitch, 24th December
and every alternate Thursday.
From LIVERPOOL every alternate Wednesday.
Fare from New York, Cabin $100, Third Class $40.
Fare from Liverpool, Cabin $105, $85, and $75, Third Class $40.
RETURN TICKETS available for six months by any steamer of the Line.
Cabin $140, Third Class, $60.
These Steamers are supplied with improved watertight compartments, and carry experienced Surgeons.
Persons about proceeding to Europe, or wishing to send for their friends from the old country, can purchase tickets at the lowest prices by applying to J. G. Dale, 161 and 163 Canal St., New York, 177 Broadway, N.Y., 19 Broadway, Brooklyn, or
C. KNOBELSDORFF & CO., Milwaukee,
or
Passage certificates by first class sailing packets between New York and Europe, also drafts paid by the above. apr11-e301-dlfq

MILLER & STARR'S
NORTH-WESTERN
Type, Stereotype & Electrotype Foundry,
AND
PRINTERS' WAREHOUSE,
Corner of West Water & Spring Streets,
MILWAUKEE WISCONSIN.
HAVING completed our arrangements for the above business in this city, we would invite the co-operation of the printers of this and surrounding States in its behalf. Our facilities are equal to any Foundry in the country for manufacturing type and Printer's Material; and for beauty of finish and hardness of metal, cannot be surpassed in this or any other country. The faces of our Type are all entirely new and most approved style, and we shall endeavor to compete with our Eastern brethren in getting up new styles of Type, Borders, Cuts, Ornaments &c. We are in daily receipt of all new issues as they are made in the East, and to advance of any other Establishment at the West.
Being agents for some of the best Type Foundries and Presses and having an extensive acquaintance with the East, we shall be enabled to keep on hand a full assortment of every variety of material.
Presses, Wood Type, etc., furnished at Manufacturers prices.
Orders for Stereotyping, Engraving, etc. promptly executed to.
We shall issue in the course of the next three months a new Specimen Book which will be furnished on application.
☞ Printers of Newspapers who choose to publish this advertisement (including this note), 1 Month, will be allowed their bills at the time of purchasing, three times the amount of our manufacture.
EDWARD MILLER,
Late of Albany, N.Y.
H. A. STARR,
Late of Starrs' Printing Office.
Milwaukee, May 1st, 1857. may6-e686dly.

JOHN KARST,
DESIGNER AND ENGRAVER,
ILLUSTRATIONS for books and papers, Views of Buildings, Portraits, Photographs, Show Bills, Labels, &c., executed in the first style of the art, at the North Western Type Foundry.
JOHN KARST.
my4-r25-dlf.

LAW AND LAND OFFICE
—OF—
WILLIAM MCNAIR,
STEVENS POINT, - - - - WISCONSIN
WILL PRACTICE in the Courts of the 7th Judicial Circuit, make collections and procure claims. Will give prompt attention to the sale of Real Estate, Investment of money in Government lands or otherwise; will locate land warrants on selected lands, and attend to pre-emption claims and all other pay taxes, and to pre-emption claims and all other business with the U. S. Land Office. Also, Land Warrants for sale for cash, or on time. Refer to—
GEN. A. ELLIS, Receiver Stevens Point Land Office.
MAJ. A. PEARY, Register " "
NIMMONS, HUTCHINS & SCHUYLER, bankers, Stevens Point.
Hon. M. M. STRONG, Milwaukee.
E. W. HARRIS & Co., Oshkosh. nov9dly

Private and Confidential Medical Advice.
AT THE MILWAUKEE Venerian Hospital, established for the cure of Syphilis, Seminal Weakness, and the infirmities of youth and maturity, by Dr. Barnes.
Dr. BARNES takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Milwaukee and other places, that his office is at No. 19 Wisconsin Street.
READ AND REFLEUE.—The afflicted would do well to reflect before trusting their health, happiness, and in many cases, their lives, in the hands of physicians ignorant of this class of maladies. It is certainly impossible for one man to understand all the ills the human family are subject to.
TRUE OF PRACTICE, exclusively devoted to the treatment and study of Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, effect of solitary habits, ulcers upon the body, throat, nose or legs, pain in the head or bones, and all threat, nose or legs, pain in the head or bones, and all Mercurial Affections, and all impurities of the Blood, whereby the constitution has become enfeebled, enables the Doctor to offer relief to all who may place themselves under his care.
Dr. B. makes no charge for short consultations.—Those requiring much advice should enclose a small fee sufficient to compensate for the time required to write the answer.
☞ Address Box 1812. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.
nov7'1684dly Office, No. 12 Wisconsin St., Milwaukee.

ALMANACS FOR 1858.—Three thousand Jayne's Almanacs to give away, at the Drug Store, 916 East Water St., Milwaukee. apr21 dec25'1801dly

NAZRO & CO.

HARDWARE AND IRON!
HENRY J. NAZRO & CO.,
NAZRO'S BUILDING, MILWAUKEE,
We have the Largest Stock in the Western Country.
We have the best assorted stock in the city.
We sell at wholesale or retail, in any quantity.
READERS
YOU will do well to buy your Hardware of us.
YOU can save money by buying of us.
YOU can buy your winter stock cheap.
OUR TERMS ARE CASH!!
For that reason we can afford and will sell you cheaper than you can buy elsewhere. As we are determined to reduce our stock, we offer you
Simmons', Hunt's, Collins', Blood's and Gard's Axes'
Sledge and Axe Handles, several qualities,
Rope, Sled Cords and Twine,
Nails and Spikes.
TINNERS' STOCK!
Best Norwegian Nail Rods,
Best Milwaukee made Horse Nails,
Best Kingsland, Pern and Slitz Horse Shoe Iron.
American, English and Swedes Iron, all sizes, shapes and lengths. Plough and Cast Steel.
BLACKSMITHS, CARPENTERS, COOPERS AND CABINET-MAKERS.
We have a good stock of goods which you have to use daily, for sale—cheap for cash. Also, for sale,
Rubber Belting, Hay Knives,
Straw Cutters,
Together with a general stock of
Hardware, Iron, Nails, Anvils, Chains, Shovels, &c.
We cordially invite you all to call at the Mammoth Store, where you will be well treated and well served, and can make good bargains, with the cash in hand.
☞ REMEMBER ☜
WHOLESALE OR RETAIL!
IN ANY QUANTITY,
FOR CASH!
☞ A PREMIUM PAID FOR GOLD. ☜
H. J. NAZRO & CO.,
Nazro's Building.

GROCERIES.

DOUGLASS & YOUNG,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic
Fruits, Fish, Nuts, &c., &c.,
No. 57 East Water Street.
One door north of O. Adams & Co.'s.
TWO WORKERS think they would respectfully invite the attention of merchants purchasing in this market, giving the assurance that they will offer inducements that cannot be surpassed, both in quality and prices.
M. S. DOUGLASS,
WM. A. YOUNG.
apr27'58dly

W. M. SINCLAIR. A. CUNNISON
SINCLAIR & CUNNISON,
(SUCCESSORS TO YOUNG & SINCLAIR,)
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
AND DEALERS IN
Glass, Glass Ware, Nails, Putty, &c.
Also, Agents for Kanouse & Carter's Hot Pressed Iron Nuts.
No. 40 East Water Street,
MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.
jan21

GOODRICH & TERRY,
Corner of Erie and East Water Streets,
OFFER FOR SALE:
550 Chests, Half Chests and Boxes Green and Black Teas, consisting of Young Hyson, Gunpowder, Imperial, Oolong and Souchong of all grades.
400 hhds. Muscovado and N. O. Sugar, a good assortment, from common to prime.
500 barrels Molasses and Syrups, of various qualities.
500 bags Coffee, including Java, Rio, Laguira and Maracaibo.
Also a complete assortment of Groceries generally, which are offered at the lowest market rates.
oct8-d937-dly

CHAPIN & GREGORY,
Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants,
PRODUCE AND PROVISION DEALERS,
Green and Dried Fruits,
Nos. 12 and 16, Corner Spring and West Water Streets,
E. D. CHAPIN. W. B. GREGORY.
jan6

BELCHER'S REFINED SUGARS.
1000 barrels Refined A,
500 " Crushed C. & D. R.
600 " Powdered C. & D. R.
400 " Granulated
For sale by GODFRIDE & TERRY,
9d6 Agents for Belcher & Baker Refinery of St. Louis.

St. Louis Golden Syrup.
A SMALL LOT of Belcher's Golden Syrup, very choice, in barrels and kegs, just received and for sale by the agents.
GODFRIDE & TERRY.
feb.40y

LIQUORS, CIGARS.

DAVID P. CLAY & CO.,
IMPORTERS and jobbers of Wines, Brandies, &c., 89 East Water St., Milwaukee, Wis., have on hand and are constantly receiving a large assortment of pure and very fine Wines and Liquors, which they offer on the most reasonable terms. sep15'58d3m

SPANGENBERG & FINCH,
SUCCESSORS TO
TITUS FERNOW,
Importers and Dealer in
WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS,
CORNER OF MAIN AND MICHIGAN STREETS,
In Albany Building,
OPPOSITE NEWHALL HOUSE,
MILWAUKEE, WIS.
jy21-1191y

FISHER BAILEY,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
LIQUORS, WINES, CIGARS, OYSTERS, &c.,
FERRY STREET
Walker's Point, " " Milwaukee.
A few doors North of Hawkins' House.
may16'58d6dly

REMOVAL!
BRENNEKE & FREICHS,
IMPORTERS OF SEGARS & TOBACCO,
HAVE REMOVED THEIR STOCK FROM
237 EAST WATER STREET,
TO THE
South West Corner of Main & Wisconsin STREETS,
WHERE THEY OFFER FOR SALE, AT
Wholesale and Retail.
AND
AT PRICES THAT DEFY COMPETITION,
A FINE ASSORTMENT OF
Havana, Principe and Domestic Segars,
LEAF, SMOKING TOBACCOS AND SNUFFS.
—ALSO—
THE MOST APPROVED BRANDS OF
Virginia Manufactured Tobacco.
jan7-e84-dlf.

MORSE & BROTHER,
SUCCESSORS TO ELIOT BROS,
NO. 132 EAST WATER STREET,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN THE
CHOICEST BRANDS OF FOREIGN & DOMESTIC
CIGARS, TOBACCO, &c.
THE public are respectfully solicited to give us a call. Next door to Dunn Beck's Hardware.
W. B. MORSE. [dec2-d774-dly] LEVI MORSE.

EDWIN D. BAKER. C. RAY ISHAM
EDWIN D. BAKER & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &C.,
ALSO, AGENTIONS OF A
SUPERIOR ARTICLE OF WHISKEY
79 East Water Street, Milwaukee, Wis.
☞ Whiskey by the single or one hundredbarrels constantly on hand.
☞ E. D. Baker is Agent for the State of Wisconsin, for the celebrated "Eugene Cliequot" Champagne. nov26

ASSIGNEE SALE
GREAT BARGAINS!
THE UNDERSIGNED, assignee of Ford & Fairbanks, is now offering their extensive stock of goods, at cost for cash. The Stock is one of the best ever brought to this market, having been selected for the jobbing and retail trade of the city and State.
It consists in part of Gilt Velvet and Satin Paper Hangings, Mouldings, Borders, Fires, white or Drab Window Blinds, Board Prints, &c. An extra assortment of Buff Holland Curtains, of all widths, Plain and Figured Curtain Paper, Gilt, Oil and Dry Window Shades, Certain Plates, Cord and Tassles, Blank Books, Law Books, Day Blanks, School Books, Miscellaneous Books, comprising all standard and popular works of the day. A full assortment of Stationery, Engravings, Papier Mache Work boxes and Writing Desks, Porte Monaies, Cards, Card Cases, Gold Pens, Pencils and Pencilholders, Toys, Toy Books, Ink Stands, and a thousand other articles, all of which are for sale on the above terms.
H. H. WEST, Assignee.
Milwaukee, Oct. 21st, 1857.

N. B.—All persons indebted to the firm of Ford & Fairbanks, either by note or book account, are requested to call and settle the same immediately.
H. H. WEST, Assignee.
Milwaukee, Oct. 21st, 1857. oct21'5983dawSw

Bank of the Republic, of Providence, Rhode Island.
PURSUANT to a decree of the Supreme Court of the State of Rhode Island, the undersigned, Receiver of said Bank, hereby gives notice that a dividend of fifty per cent. has been ordered to be paid to the holders of fifty per cent. has been ordered to be paid to the holders of Receiver's certificates of deposit of the bills of said bank.
That the holders of the bills of said bank in order to be entitled to a dividend of the assets, must deposit them with the Receiver, on or before the first day of April next, and that the Receiver give to such depositors a certificate of said deposit and pay a dividend of fifty per ct. on the same.
The undersigned will attend, at the American Bank, in the city of Providence, on the business days of said bank (Sundays excepted) from 11 A. M. to 1 P. M., to receive said bills and pay said dividends.
S. R. RATHBONE,
Receiver of the Bank of the Republic of Providence, R. Island.
PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 20, 1857. nov17'6710dawtapl

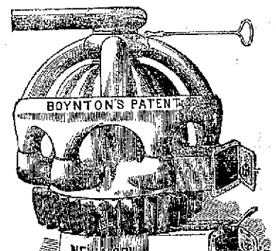
1,100 BUSHELS for sale to close consignment.
nov19 ELMORE BROTHERS.

HARDWARE.

H. W. GOODRICH & CO.,
225
EAST WATER STREET,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
A. C. BARSTOW'S
SPIRAL HOT AIR FURNACES,
Patent Heaters, Ranges, Stoves.
TIN, SHEET IRON AND COPPER WORK,
ON HAND OR MADE TO ORDER.
may4-e629dly

SMITH, SENFTLEBEN & CO.,
PRACTICAL
GAS AND STEAM PIPE FITTERS,
291 East Water St., Milwaukee,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
GAS AND STEAM PIPES,
LAP WELDED BOILER PLUMS,
GAS, STEAM AND WATER COCKS,
GLOBE AND CHECK VALVES,
GUAGE COCKS,
STEAM GUAGES,
OIL CUPS, &c., &c
ALWAYS ON HAND,
A large assortment of
GAS FIXTURES!
Work done in a workmanlike manner, at short notice and lowest price. nov18

RICHARDSON & GRAY,
AIR WARMING
AND
VENTILATING WAREHOUSE,
WISCONSIN ST., UNDER YOUNG'S HALL



BOYNTON'S Self-Cleaning Furnaces for heating Churches, Stores, Public and Private Buildings; to burn wood or coal. Parlor Grates and Stoves, Cooking Ranges, Hot Air Registers and Ventilators. may0

C. & P. MELLUS,
258 Jefferson Avenue, Detroit,
Dealers in Foreign & Domestic
HARDWARE, CUTLERY,
Mechanics, Tools, Nails, Files, &c.
Also, Manufacturers of every description of
CAST STEEL SAWS,
Particular attention paid to the Manufacture of large
CIRCULAR SAWS:
OLD FILES RE-CUT.
All orders by mail will receive prompt attention. All kinds of saws repaired at short notice.
apr26-d83-dly

INSTRUCTION.

Wisconsin State Mercantile College.
THE ONLY COLLEGE IN THE WEST
WHERE a complete education in Book-Keeping and Surveying is attainable. All the variating methods of the Counting House and Geodetic schools of Great Britain and the United States are taught, with numerous novelties, by a corps of teachers and lecturers of the first distinction.
☞ The departments of Bank and Railroad Business alone, are cheap at the price charged for the entire Book-Keeping Course.
FEES "TO SUIT THE TIMES."
Every branch of Book Keeping, with Penmanship, Calculations, Correspondence, &c.....$30